

SOLVENCY AND FINANCIAL CONDITION REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDING
31 DECEMBER 2021



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1. Executive Summary



1. Executive Summary

1.1 Overview

EuroLife Limited ("the Company") is incorporated in Cyprus and is a company limited by shares. The Company operates predominantly in Cyprus and is a 100% subsidiary of the Bank of Cyprus (BoC) Group. The Company offers individual unit-linked products and simple term cover products, as well as individual accident and health products. It also offers life and accident cover on a group basis. Finally, the Company offers provision of services of administering Occupational Pension Scheme assets.

The purpose of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report (SFCR) is to satisfy the public disclosure requirements under the article 304(1) of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/35. The elements of the disclosure relate to business performance, governance, risk profile, valuation for solvency purposes and capital management. The SFCR has been prepared with reference date 31 December 2021.

According to article 74(2) of the Law on Insurance and Reinsurance Services and Other Related Business of 2016, the independent auditors of the Company audit certain information which is defined in the "Orders of the Superintendent of Insurance in relation to the annual audit of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report" and they submit a separate report in relation to it on the date of submission of the SFCR. The Report is published on the Company's website at www.eurolife.com.cy.

1.2 Business and performance

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). On an IFRS basis the Company had an after-tax underwriting profit of €14,5m. The Company's assets are prudently invested taking into account the liquidity requirements of the business and the timing of the insurance liabilities.

The Company has complied at all times with all aspects of the Solvency II regulations from the date of first implementation on 1 January 2016.

1.3 System of Governance

The Board of Directors (BoD/Board) of the Company is committed to good governance which is vital to creating trust and engagement between the Company and its stakeholders and contributes towards its long-term success. A key objective of the governance framework of the Company is to ensure compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements and based on best practices of corporate governance and corporate administration.

The Company aims to ensure on an ongoing basis that it is a modern, transparent and competitive organisation. By adopting best practices, the Company achieves a dynamic and effective communication with the Board, management and shareholder leading to a successful implementation of its strategy and a more than adequate framework of corporate governance.

The Board of Directors maintains overall responsibility for the management of the Company, including ultimate oversight of the Company's operations. As at the end of year 2021, the Board consisted of 8 members of which 2 were Independent Non-Executive Directors, 2 were Non-Executive Directors and 4 were Executive Directors.

The Company's Board monitors the performance of Senior Management and gives guidance and advice, where appropriate. In order to strengthen its internal control system, the Company has set up the following internal control functions, in accordance with Solvency II requirements:

- Risk Management Function
- Actuarial Function
- Compliance Function
- Internal Audit Function



During the year 2021 the following changes in the Company's governance system took place:

- The Company appointed new holders of the Actuarial and Compliance Functions.
- The Company has appointed one new member as Executive Committee member.

No other changes have taken place within 2021. The Board self-assessment process for the evaluation of the effectiveness and performance of the Board was undertaken as required on an annual basis.

1.4 Risk profile

A key component of the risk management system and the Own Risk and Solvency Assessment (ORSA) process is the annual risk assessment exercise, through which the Company assesses its position regarding the different risks to which it is or might be exposed, with the use of a Risk Register. The assessment covers all risk types, including less-quantifiable risks, and aims to determine the Company's risk profile taking into consideration its risk appetite. It is based on quantitative and qualitative criteria, prior experience and expert judgment.

As part of the ORSA process, the Company performs stress tests on material risks using some common and some extreme but plausible scenarios in order to examine the impact on its future capital and solvency position. The purpose of this exercise is to identify whether the Company will remain solvent and adequately capitalised should any of these tests or scenarios materialise.

The main results of the risk assessment and ORSA process performed in 2021 are summarized below:

- Market and Credit risks were considered material due to the significant exposures to Bond Funds and the Company's banking counterparties. As part of the ORSA process carried out in 2021, a number of stress test scenarios were performed, which indicated that the Company's solvency position would remain well above the minimum regulatory requirements and within the Company's risk appetite. Nevertheless, as per the relevant Board decision, the Company's material exposures to its banking counterparties were significantly reduced by the end of the year.
- Operational risk was also considered as a material risk. As part of the ORSA process, a stress test
 was carried out combining multiple factors, including the materialisation of an operational event.
 The solvency ratio remained well above the Company's risk appetite limit. Nevertheless, relevant
 mitigating actions were approved by the Board during the review and approval of the ORSA
 Report for 2021.
- Business risk was assessed as a material risk for the Company during 2021. As part of the ORSA
 process, a stress test regarding business risk was performed affecting the Company's solvency
 ratio, which, however, remained above the risk appetite limit. Necessary actions shall be taken
 according to developments.
- Underwriting and Liquidity risks were not considered as material risks. Nevertheless, they were taken into consideration when carrying out the stress test scenarios during the ORSA process.

1.5 Valuation for solvency purposes

The valuation of assets and liabilities for Solvency II purposes is the same as IFRS except:

- Differences in the valuation of technical provisions and associated reinsurance recoverables.
- Assets under IFRS include intangibles, which are valued at zero under Solvency II.
- The Solvency II balance sheet includes a deferred tax liability arising on reporting differences from the change in technical provisions under Solvency II.

These differences are summarized below:



	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
	€′000	€′000
Total own funds per Financial Statements	55.374	51.822
Intangible assets	(8.171)	(9.575)
Change in valuation of Technical Provisions (net)	94.787	94.910
Additional Deferred Tax Liability	(11.848)	(11.865)
Total own funds per Solvency II	130.142	125.292

1.6 Capital Management

The Solvency coverage ratio at 31 December 2021 was 227% with own funds of €130,1m, a Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR) of €57,4m and a Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) of €17,1m. The final amount of the SCR and MCR remains subject to supervisory assessment.

The objective of own funds management is to maintain, at all times, sufficient own funds to cover the SCR and MCR with an appropriate buffer. The Company has maintained capital sufficient to meet its MCR and SCR throughout the year 2021.



A. Business and performance



A. Business and performance

A.1 Business

EuroLife Limited ("the Company") is incorporated in Cyprus and is a company limited by shares. The address of its registered office is 4 Evrou street, Strovolos, P.O. Box 2003, Nicosia, Cyprus. This Solvency and Financial Condition Report (SFCR) covers EuroLife Limited.

The Company is regulated by the Insurance Companies Control Service (ICCS) in Cyprus. The independent auditors of the Company is PricewaterhouseCoopers Limited, Certified Public Accountants and Registered Auditors.

The Company is a 100% subsidiary of the Bank of Cyprus (BoC) Group. From 18 January 2017, Bank of Cyprus Holdings Public Limited Company became the sole shareholder of the Bank of Cyprus Public Company Ltd. Further information on the BoC Group can be found in its consolidated financial statements published on the BoC website at www.bankofcyprus.com.

The Company offers individual unit-linked products and simple term cover products, as well as individual accident and health products. It also offers life and accident cover on a group basis. The Company provides services for the administration of Occupational Pension Scheme assets. The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Under IFRS (and also for management reporting purposes), the business is divided into Life, Health and Occupational Pensions.

For Solvency II purposes the following lines are used:

- Health insurance:
 - Non-SLT Health (Similar to non-Life Techniques)
 - SLT Health obligations (Similar to Life Techniques)
- Index-linked and unit-linked insurance: Insurance obligations with index-linked and unit-linked features
- Other life insurance

These Solvency II lines of business are used when reporting the premium, claims, expenses and technical provisions in the Solvency II Quantitative Reporting Templates (QRTs).

The Company engages in the business of life, health and occupational pensions in Cyprus. In Greece, the Company was operating through a branch under the name of Kyprou Zois. The portfolio of Greek branch was transferred during 2020 and the branch remained dormant.

There have been no significant events that have occurred in the reporting period that have had a material impact on the business and performance of the Company.

A.2 Underwriting performance

Since the Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with IFRS, the underwriting performance information given in this section is also provided on an IFRS basis.

The table below shows the underwriting performance per line of business as presented in the Company's financial statements:



Underwriting performance	2021	2020
	€′000	€′000
Underwriting performance – Life	10.370	3.350
Underwriting performance – Health	3.591	2.394
Total net underwriting performance (based on IFRS)	13.961	5.744

Loss of €0,3m of the life underwriting performance relates to the life operations in Greece.

Life underwriting performance:

The underwriting performance of individual life business has increased significantly compared to last year, largely due to the increase in the profits that have arisen from the Individual Life business (the risk premium business). This is mainly attributed to the decrease in the deficiency reserves arising from the reduction in renewal expense assumption and the slight increase in the valuation rate compared to last year.

The underwriting performance was positively affected from the favorable mortality experience, the contribution of investment management fees and the nil allocation margins reflecting both the increase in new business sales as well as the growth in funds under management.

Health underwriting performance:

The underwriting performance of health business has increased compared to last year. The improving trend in claims experience has continued, showing an even lower claims outgo during 2021. This has been attributed to both Covid 19 and the GHS implementation. In both 2020 and 2021 the Company benefited from the lower number of non-Covid related health insurance claims as a result of the pandemic. In addition, GHS has expanded its services to the beneficiaries reducing private insurance health claims. This has significantly contributed in further improving the Company's overall health claim experience for 2021.

A.3 Investment performance

Since the Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with IFRS, the investment performance information provided in this section is on an IFRS basis.

Unit-linked assets:

The composition of the unit-linked assets and information on income and expenses arising from investments by asset class are shown below:

Asset class	Position as at 31.12.2021	Income/gains and losses - 2021	Position as at 31.12.2020	Income/gains and losses - 2020
	%	€′000	%	€′000
Government Bonds	3,15	(6.996)	4,83	202
Corporate Bonds	3,48	(1.199)	4,30	(2.179)
Equity instruments	0,20	226	0,19	12
Cash and deposits	10,72	5	7,94	14
Mortgages and loans	0,10	11	0,11	12
Properties	2,58	189	3,04	52
Collective investments undertakings	79,77	57.785	79,59	11.432
	100,00	50.021	100,00	9.545

The table below shows the composition of unit-linked assets and annualised returns for 2021 and 2020 (net of fees) as disclosed in policyholder literature:



Asset class	Balanced Fund	Guaranteed Fund	Income Fund	Growth Fund	Manulife Investment Fund	GIC Investors Fund	Conservative Fund
31.12.2021	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Local equities and equity funds	0,23	-	-	0,21	0,23	0,23	-
Foreign equities and equity funds	46,24	-	13,33	66,55	46,24	46,24	-
Local bonds and debts	3,12	-	7,07	1,35	3,12	3,12	-
Foreign bonds and debts	29,43	-	63,99	12,39	29,43	29,43	5,42
Cash and Cash equivalents	13,85	100,00	13,11	14,36	13,85	13,85	94,58
Loans	0,12	-	-		0,12	0,12	-
Property Investments	7,01	-	2,50	5,14	7,01	7,01	-
	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Annualised return (net of fees) for 2021	10,40	0,00	1,43	16,56	10,67	9,82	-1,13

Asset class	Balanced Fund	Guaranteed Fund	Income Fund	Growth Fund	Manulife Investment Fund	GIC Investors Fund	Conservative Fund
31.12.2020	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Local equities and equity funds	0,22	-	-	0,21	0,22	0,22	-
Foreign equities and equity funds	44,00	-	11,67	67,03	44,00	44,00	-
Local bonds and debts	4,52	-	9,06	2,02	4,52	4,52	-
Foreign bonds and debts	33,50	-	67,11	14,93	33,50	33,50	4,10
Cash and Cash equivalents	9,28	100,00	9,43	9,36	9,28	9,28	95,90
Loans	0,15	-	-		0,15	0,15	-
Property Investments	8,33	-	2,73	6,45	8,33	8,33	-
	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Annualised return (net of fees) for 2020	0,79	0,00	1,71	0,55	1,05	0,26	-1,12



Other than unit-linked assets:

The composition of other than unit-linked assets and information on income and expenses arising from investments by asset class are shown below:

Asset class	Position as at 31.12.2021	Income/gains and losses - 2021	Position as at 31.12.2020	Income/gains and losses - 2020
	%	€'000	%	€′000
Government Bonds	1,45	69	3,17	135
Corporate Bonds	3,45	169	3,71	169
Cash and deposits	8,13	(120)	8,71	(1.913)
Mortgages and loans	0,23	-	0,22	-
Properties	15,47	1.018	15,94	162
Collective investments undertakings	71,27	(2.896)	68,25	3.350
	100,00	(1.760)	100,00	1.903

All assets are classified at fair value through profit and loss except unit-linked government and corporate bonds that are classified at fair value through other comprehensive income.

A.4 Other

There have been no other significant activities undertaken by the Company other than its insurance activities. There are no other material matters in respect of the business or performance of the Company.



B. System of Governance



B. System of Governance

The Company has in place a system of governance which aims to provide the sound and prudent management of the business. The Company's governance system includes a transparent organisational structure with a clear allocation of responsibilities and appropriate segregation of duties.

B.1 General information on the System of Governance

B.1.1 Roles & Responsibilities of the Board, Senior Management and Key Functions

Board of Directors

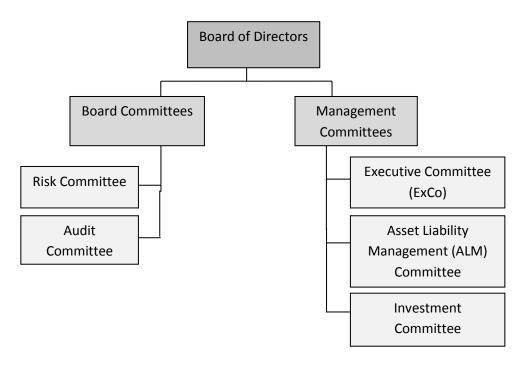
The Board of Directors (BoD/Board) maintains overall responsibility for the management of the Company, including ultimate oversight of the Company's operations. As at the end of 2021, the Board consisted of 8 members, of which 2 were Independent Non-Executive Directors, 2 were Non-Executive Directors and 4 were Executive Directors.

The Company's Board monitors the performance of Senior Management and gives guidance and advice, where appropriate. As part of performing its oversight function, the Board reviews and discusses reports submitted by Senior Management and internal control functions regularly and it maintains active and open communication with the General Manager and Senior Management.

In general, the Board is responsible for the following:

- Setting the strategy, tone, culture and values of the Company;
- Establishing the Company's internal control and risk management systems and monitoring their implementation and effectiveness;
- Overseeing Senior Management and establishing sound business practices and strategic planning;
- Setting the Company's risk appetite and risk tolerance limits at a level which is proportionate with the strategic goals of the Company and the nature, scope and complexity of its activities;
- Defining and approving the Company's policies and procedures to ensure its sound operation and compliance with regulatory requirements, taking appropriate measures to address any deficiencies.

Overview of Board and Committees





Board Committees

The Board has established two Committees, the Risk Committee and the Audit Committee to assist it in discharging its obligations. Matters not reserved to the Board are delegated to the aforesaid Board Committees. However, delegation does not release the Board from collectively discharging its responsibilities. The terms of reference of the two Committees set out the composition, meeting requirements, responsibilities and authority delegated from the Board to each Committee as well as the reporting requirements of the Committees to the Board.

Risk Committee

The Chairperson of the Risk Committee is an Independent Non-Executive Director who reports to the Board the activities of the Risk Committee. The Risk Committee is composed exclusively of 3 Non-Executive Directors, the two of which are independent.

The main purpose of the Committee is to review on behalf of the Board, the aggregate risk profile of the Company, including performance against Risk Appetite for all risk types and ensure that both Risk Profile and Risk Appetite remain appropriate. The responsibilities of the Committee include:

- Reviewing management proposals on the desired risk strategy of the Company and assisting the Board in overseeing the effective implementation of risk strategy by management;
- The oversight of the development, implementation and maintenance of the Company's overall Risk Management Strategy and Framework;
- Review and approval of all Risk Management policies of the Company;
- Determining the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's Risk Management System and Risk Management Function;
- Monitoring and reviewing reports to external stakeholders on risk matters.

Audit Committee

The Chairperson of the Audit Committee is an Independent Non-Executive Director who reports to the Board the activities of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is composed exclusively of 3 Non-Executive Directors, two of which are independent.

The Audit Committee is responsible for the review and monitoring of, among other things:

- The effectiveness of the Company's system of internal controls;
- The integrity of the Company's financial statements;
- The effectiveness of the internal and external audit processes;
- The Company's relationship with its external auditors;
- The adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's Internal Audit Function and Compliance Function;
- The adequacy of the communication between the Board, Management and the Control Functions.

It is also responsible for the review and approval of all Compliance policies of the Company.

Management Committees

Executive Committee (ExCo)

The Company has established an Executive Committee (ExCo) [previously known as Senior Management Team (SMT)] which consists of all members of Senior Management and which is responsible for the implementation of the business plan and risk management strategy set by the Board. As at the end of year 2021, the ExCo consisted of 11 members in managerial positions and was chaired by the General Manager.



The General Manager has the overall responsibility and oversight for all the business operations of the Company and is supported by the Managers of each of the Company's Divisions. Each Division has a clear mandate and responsibilities which are clearly communicated to members of staff and can be adjusted according to business developments and requirements.

The role of the ExCo is to support the effective management of the Company and improve the level of awareness of its Management Team and staff. Its responsibilities include:

- Oversight of the operations of the Company and providing direction with regard to such operations;
- Defining the strategy and plans of the Company and implementing such through allocation of resources across business units and support functions of the Company;
- Overseeing the implementation of Company policies and procedures;
- Developing, reviewing and improving mechanisms and processes for an effective internal control system;
- Coordinating and managing the activities of the Company, apportioning duties to personnel and promoting accountability and reporting.

Asset Liability Management (ALM) Committee

The ALM Committee consists of 5 members which include the General Manager, the Company's Chief Risk Officer and Chief Actuary, the Risk Management Function Holder, the Company's Investment Manager, and the Chief Financial Officer. It is chaired by the Company's General Manager.

The responsibilities of the ALM Committee include, among others:

- Overseeing the prudent management of EuroLife's own-asset portfolio and ensuring that assets and liabilities are in accordance with the ALM targets and tolerance levels set out in the Company's ALM policy;
- Achieving the best possible return within its risk appetite limits;
- Recommending risk strategy/risk appetite for financial risks to the Risk Committee;
- Monitoring regulatory changes (capital, liquidity and other) and the consequences of those changes on the Company;
- Reviewing and adopting a capital management plan in accordance with the Company's Capital Management Policy, taking into account the size and nature of the risks undertaken, in order to ensure that the Company has adequate capital and liquidity.

Investment Committee

The Investment Committee consists of 5 members which include the General Manager, the Company's Chief Risk Officer and Chief Actuary, the Risk Management Function Holder, the Company's Investment Manager, and the Chief Financial Officer. It is chaired by the Company's General Manager. The purpose of the Committee is to oversee the management of EuroLife's unit-linked funds and to ensure that they are prudently managed having regard to their published objectives and having in mind solely the interests of the policyholders, always adhering to the Prudent Person Principle.

The responsibilities of the Investment Committee include, among others:

- Setting, reviewing and monitoring compliance with investment policies, investment strategies and guidelines, investments processes and procedures;
- Setting and reviewing of asset allocation of EuroLife's unit-linked funds based on market expectations;
- Ensuring proper risk management practices are applied and monitoring performance of external investment managers as against the Company Investment Policy.



Key Functions

In order to strengthen its internal control system, the Company has set up the following internal control functions, in accordance with Solvency II requirements:

- Risk Management Function
- Actuarial Function
- Compliance Function
- Internal Audit Function

Risk Management Function

The purpose of the Risk Management Function (RMF) is to facilitate the effective implementation of the risk management system of the Company and to design the risk management processes and reporting procedures required to identify, assess, monitor and report every type of risk inherent in the Company's operations. It is also responsible for monitoring the risk appetite and tolerance limits set by the Board and for preparing and submitting to the Board the "Own Risk and Solvency Assessment" (ORSA) Report.

In order to facilitate the most effective operation and the objectivity of the risk management system, the RMF is operationally independent from risk-taking functions (e.g. underwriting and claims) and, in addition to its other reporting lines, it reports directly to the Risk Committee in order to escalate issues and act independently from the Senior Management.

Actuarial Function

The Actuarial Function is responsible for the calculation of the technical provisions, including the assessment of the data quality and the comparison of best estimates against experience. It provides its opinion in relation to the overall underwriting policy and the reinsurance arrangements of the Company and contributes to the effective implementation of the risk management system in respect of the ORSA and Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR)/Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR) calculations. The Actuarial Function has direct access to the Board, in order to ensure its operational independence and safeguard its ability to escalate important issues.

Compliance Function

The Compliance Function is responsible for ensuring that all actions undertaken by the Company are at all times in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations. It is also responsible to identify, assess and manage the compliance risk that the Company might face and to assess the appropriateness of the procedures and policies in place. In addition, it may suggest organisational and procedural changes to ensure that identified reputational and compliance risks are appropriately managed. The Compliance Function is independent of operational activities. It has direct access to the Audit Committee and the Board, in order to escalate issues and act independently from Senior Management.

Internal Audit Function

The Internal Audit Function is independent from any operational functions and its role is to assess the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems, as well as, the effectiveness of other elements of the system of governance. The Internal Audit Function undertakes planned reviews of the Company's processes and their implementation and reports its findings as well as material breaches to the Audit Committee to which it has direct access.



B.1.2 Material changes in the system of governance during 2021

During the year 2021 the following changes in the Company's governance system took place:

- The Company appointed new holders of the Actuarial and Compliance Functions.
- The Company has appointed one new member as Executive Committee member.

No other changes have taken place within 2021. The Board self-assessment process for the evaluation of the effectiveness and performance of the Board was undertaken as required on an annual basis.

B.1.3 Remuneration Policy and Practices

Principles of remuneration policy

The main principles of the applicable remuneration policy are as follows:

- The Company's remuneration policy aims to align the remuneration of directors, executive management and staff with the business strategy, objective and long-term interests of the Company,
- The remuneration promotes and is consistent with sound and effective risk management and does not encourage excessive risk taking that exceeds the level of tolerated risk of the Company,
- Fixed remuneration is the main form of remuneration of staff and Executive Management and comprises salary and any applicable allowances as determined by employment contracts and collective agreements the Company is subject to,
- No Director is involved in deciding his/her remuneration,
- The remuneration of non-executive directors is not linked to the profitability of the Company but
 is fixed and takes into account the responsibilities and time devoted by the Directors for the
 execution of their duties.

Variable Remuneration

Due to regulatory restrictions imposed by the Central Bank of Cyprus on the Bank of Cyprus Group, of which the Company is a member, in the year 2021, no variable remuneration or discretionary pension payments were granted.

<u>Supplementary pension or early retirement schemes</u>

Board Members that are not Executive Management are not entitled to supplementary pension or early retirement schemes. The Company has a hybrid provident fund scheme for all its employees which is based on both defined benefit and defined contribution. All employees are obligated to contribute to the provident fund a set percentage of their monthly salary and the Company is also obligated to contribute a percentage based on the employee's salary which is set by the collective agreement the Company is subject to.

B.1.4 Material Transactions during 2021

The Company has a tied-agent agreement with Bank of Cyprus for promoting its products. A commission is payable for this service. In addition to the above, the Company received rental and interest income under its normal course of business from Bank of Cyprus. Payment of two interim dividends were also made during the year 2021 to Bank of Cyprus. No other material transactions were undertaken during the year 2021 as between the Company, its shareholders, or members of the administrative, management or supervisory body and other key function holders.



B.2 Fit and Proper Requirements

B.2.1 Requirements for skills, knowledge and expertise

The Company ensures that all persons who effectively run the Company or hold the Key Functions (the "Assessed Persons") at all times fulfill the following requirements:

- They have the requisite experience, specialization and knowledge for the discharge of their duties and responsibilities (the 'fitness test').
- They act in honesty, reliability and integrity, characteristics which promote the culture of compliance in the Company (the 'propriety test').

A person must satisfy the following criteria to be considered fit and proper to hold an Assessed Person position:

- Competence
- Character
- Diligence
- Honesty
- Integrity
- Judgment to perform his/her duties
- Personal reliability
- Good reputation

B.2.2 Fit and proper assessment process

In line with the Company's Fit and Proper policy, assessments for an Assessed Person position are conducted as follows:

- Before a person is appointed; and
- After their appointment in the event that negative information relative to the assessment becomes known to the Company or where events make it necessary.

Approval by the regulator is required for the appointment of any Assessed Persons on the basis of fit and proper requirements. The Company's Secretary is responsible for ensuring that such approvals are obtained with regard to the members of the Board. For all other Assessed Persons, the Compliance Function is responsible for liaising with the regulator to obtain approvals.

If, following the re-assessment of an Assessed Person, it is concluded that such person no longer complies with Fit and Proper Requirements, the Compliance Function shall notify the regulator, explaining the reasoning for the removal of the person, or in the event that the person remains in that position, the reason such person has remained in the position and the action that is being taken to replace such person.

B.3 Risk Management System and ORSA process

B.3.1 Risk Management System

The purpose of the Company's risk management system is to provide a clearly defined and well documented risk management strategy that sets the Company's risk management objectives and overall risk appetite, taking into consideration the Company's strategic goals. In addition, it aims to set appropriate processes and procedures which enable the Company to identify, assess, manage, monitor and report the risks to which the Company is or might be exposed in the future.

For this purpose, various risk management policies, which facilitate the control and monitoring of the Company's risk exposures, in line with the regulatory requirements, have been documented by the Risk Management Function and approved by the Risk Committee and the Board of Directors, which bears the ultimate responsibility for their application and embedment within the Company's system of governance.



The risk management system sets the principles for risk governance that ensures the establishment of clear responsibility boundaries and the proper segregation of duties in relation to risk management. It is based on the "three lines of defence" model, which ensures that the risk management is a core element of the overall responsibilities of the whole Company, including the Board, its Committees, the Senior Management and the Business Units, and it is integrated in the Company's decision making process.

In particular, the "first line of defence" with regards to risks is fundamentally the Business Units i.e. those units with responsibility to decide and execute decisions and to manage the risks arising on a day to day basis. The core responsibilities of the "first line of defence" are to execute the Company's strategy, meet business performance targets, implement policies and proactively manage risks that arise from the Company's daily operations.

The "second line of defence" is essentially the Risk Management Function, the Compliance Function and the Actuarial Function and its role is to provide risk oversight and an independent and objective challenge to the "first line of defence".

The "third line of defence" is the Internal Audit Function. Its role is to act as an independent control body with the purpose of providing assurance on the effectiveness of the Company's risk management system.

The Company operates a distinct RMF which is operationally independent from the Company's risk-taking functions. The adequacy and effectiveness of the controls and risk mitigating strategies in place, as well as the design and effectiveness of the risk management system, are assessed by the Internal Audit Function which reports its findings to the Audit Committee/Board, making relevant recommendations for improvement.

Among the responsibilities of the Board, and following relevant recommendation by the Risk Committee, is the approval of the Company's Risk Appetite Framework (RAF) prepared by the RMF in consultation with Group Risk Management Division (GRMD), which forms part of the decision making process of the Company. Risk appetite is defined as the degree of risk that the Board is willing to accept in the pursuit of its strategy, taking into account its financial strength and the nature, scale and complexity of its business activities. The RAF is subject to review on an annual basis, taking into consideration the Company's strategic plan and the Bank of Cyprus Group RAF.

B.3.2 ORSA process

A key component of the risk management system is the "Own Risk and Solvency Assessment" (ORSA) process. The ORSA is a forward-looking process and it is proportionate in its sophistication to the nature, scale and complexity of the Company's business activities. It represents the Company's own view and understanding of its risks, overall solvency needs and adequacy of its own funds.

The ORSA process is designed and implemented in the following steps:

- Definition of the driving factors for the ORSA planning,
- Identification and classification of risks,
- Preparation of capital planning for the next 3 to 5 years,
- Stress testing and capital allocation,
- · Documentation of the ORSA outcome,
- ORSA adoption in the decision-making process of the Company.

In particular, the ORSA enables the Company to properly identify and manage the risks it faces or could face in the future and determine the amount of own funds necessary to ensure that its overall solvency needs are met at all times over its business planning period. In order to determine its overall solvency needs, the Company applies stress testing scenarios to the forward-looking capital plan, and, based on its risk profile, it determines if additional capital over and above the SCR is required.



The ORSA process is ultimately owned and approved by the Company's Board of Directors. However, various bodies, functions and business units of the Company have different roles and responsibilities for the implementation of the ORSA process. These are mainly assigned to the RMF, Actuarial Function, Finance Department, Senior Management and the Risk Committee. The Internal Audit Function has the responsibility to conduct an independent review regarding the ORSA process and its outcome in order to ensure that it is appropriately designed and implemented.

The ORSA is performed on an annual basis, as a minimum, and the timing of its performance coincides with the Company's financial and strategic planning in order to allow integration with the decision-making process. The outcome of the ORSA process is documented in the ORSA Report, which is prepared by the RMF and submitted to the Board, which must review and challenge its contents prior to granting its approval. Following the Board approval, the ORSA Report is submitted to the Regulator.

B.4 Internal Control System

B.4.1 Description of the Internal Control System

The Company's Internal Control System (ICS) is designed to provide reasonable assurance on the following:

- Effectiveness and efficiency of operations,
- · Reliability of financial and non-financial information,
- An adequate control of risks,
- A prudent approach to business,
- Compliance with laws and regulations, and internal policies and procedures.

Effective internal controls help the Company protect and enhance shareholders' value and reduce the possibility of unexpected losses or damage to its reputation. The Board is ultimately responsible for overseeing and maintaining the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems.

The Internal Control System of the Company is comprised of the following principles:

- <u>Control Environment and Culture</u>: The Board is responsible for promoting a high level of integrity and for establishing a culture within the Company that emphasizes and demonstrates to all levels of personnel the importance of Internal Control. Senior Management is responsible for the implementation of the Internal Control culture and principles. All staff members need to understand their role in the ICS and be fully engaged in the process.
- <u>Risk Assessment</u>: The Company must regularly assess both the internal and external risks that it faces. Assessment should include the identification and analysis of all the significant risks that an insurance company is exposed to.
- Control Activities and Segregation of Duties: An adequate Internal Control System requires the
 implementation of effective and efficient control activities at all levels of the entity which should
 be implemented in line with the goals and strategies set out by the Board and should involve all
 staff. As an integrated part of daily business, these activities should be reviewed and recorded on
 an on-going basis. An appropriate segregation of duties and responsibilities is also required, both
 at individual level and between Key Functions.
- <u>Information and Communication</u>: The Company should have reliable information at all levels within the organization, in order to define, achieve and review the objectives set out by the Board. The effectiveness of communication procedures should be ensured, whether such communication is internal, external or includes formal or informal paths.
- <u>Information and Communication Security</u>: Security controls for the risks inherent in Information and Communication dissemination and technology must be established, allowing for the effective management of such risks.



 Monitoring: Appropriate monitoring systems must be applied on an ongoing basis, complemented with separate evaluations.

B.4.2 Implementation of the Compliance Function

The Compliance Function is an integral part of the ICS of the Company. The role of the Compliance Function throughout the Company is to pro-actively facilitate the management of compliance risk by identifying, assessing, monitoring and reporting the compliance risk exposure of the Company. This serves to assist the Company to carry on its business successfully and in conformity with regulatory and ethical standards.

In particular, the Compliance Function establishes, implements and maintains appropriate mechanisms and activities to:

- Promote and facilitate a corporate culture of integrity and ethical values within the Company,
- Monitor the adherence of the Company to all applicable compliance policies and procedures,
- Identify and assess on an on-going basis significant changes in the legal and regulatory environment in which the Company operates and identify the compliance risk that could arise from such changes,
- Formulate proposals for organisational and procedural changes to ensure that identified reputational and compliance risks are appropriately managed,
- Prepare and subsequently review and revise accordingly Company policies on key compliancerelated issues,
- Assess the appropriateness of the Company's compliance procedures and guidelines, follow up identified deficiencies promptly and put forth suggestions for improvements as necessary,
- Oversee the complaints process and utilizing customer complaints as a source of relevant information in the context of its general monitoring responsibilities,
- Organize regular training and educational programs for Management and staff on compliance and regulatory matters.

The responsibilities of the Compliance Function are carried out under an annual compliance program/action plan that sets out its planned activities, such as the implementation and review of specific policies and procedures, compliance risk assessment, setting corrective actions to address any control weaknesses that are identified and educating staff on compliance matters.

In addition, the Compliance Function maintains a fully updated compliance chart/register of the existing regulatory framework (laws, regulations and self-regulatory standards) and identifies in cooperation with the relevant departments the compliance obligations emanating from each regulatory framework.

On a quarterly basis, the Compliance Function provides a written report to the Senior Management and Audit Committee detailing the effectiveness of implementation of the compliance chart, the progress on the compliance action plan, the compliance risk assessment results during the reporting period, as well as, any identified breaches and/or deficiencies and the corrective measures recommended.

B.5 Internal Audit Function

B.5.1 Implementation of the Internal Audit Function

The Internal Audit Function ("IAF") is an independent function responsible for providing its opinion to the Board of Directors, through the EuroLife Audit Committee (AC), as well as to the Senior Management of EuroLife ("Company"), on the design adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal control, risk management and governance processes. The Company outsources its IAF to the BOC Group's Internal Audit Division (IA).

Notwithstanding any outsourcing, the Company remains fully responsible for discharging all of its obligations regarding the IAF. Risks inherent in the outsourcing of the IAF are identified, monitored and appropriately mitigated and the service provider is properly supervised and managed.



B.5.2 Independence of the Internal Audit Function

IA reports directly to the Company's BoD (through the AC), as well as to the BOC Group's Audit Committee. The BOC Group's Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the independence, adequacy, and effectiveness of the IA.

The Internal Audit Director (IAD) confirms on an annual basis to the BOC Group's Board, through the BOC Group Audit Committee, the organisational independence of the internal audit activity. This is in line with the relevant International Standard for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing 1110 – "Organizational Independence". The Institute of Internal Auditors states that "impairment to organizational independence and individual objectivity may include personal conflict of interest, scope limitations, restrictions on access to records, personnel, and properties, and resource limitations (funding)".

B.6 Actuarial Function

The primary role of the Actuarial Function is to ensure that technical provisions are established with respect to all insurance obligations towards policyholders and beneficiaries of insurance contracts. In particular, the Actuarial Function ensures that the methodologies and assumptions used in the calculation of the technical provisions are appropriate for the specific lines of business of the Company and for the way the business is managed. It assesses the uncertainty associated with the estimates made in the calculation of technical provisions and it examines the sufficiency and quality of relevant data to be considered in the reserving process.

When comparing best estimates against experience, it reviews the quality of past best estimates and uses the insights gained from this assessment to improve the quality of current calculations. The comparison of best estimates against experience includes comparisons between observed values and the estimates underlying the calculation of the best estimate, in order to draw conclusions on the appropriateness, accuracy and completeness of the data and assumptions used as well as on the methodologies applied in their calculation.

It also contributes to the effective implementation of the risk management system and calculates the MCR/SCR based on regulatory requirements and cooperates closely with the Risk Management Function for the performance of the stress tests as part of the ORSA process.

In addition, the Actuarial Function advises the Senior Management and the Board of Directors on the overall underwriting policy and the reinsurance arrangements of the Company. Specifically, the Annual Actuarial Report submitted to Senior Management and the Board of Directors includes, among else, an opinion on the underwriting and adequacy of reinsurance arrangements and the activities carried out by the Actuarial Function together with relevant recommendations for improvement.

B.7 Outsourcing

The Company has established an Outsourcing Policy in order to ensure compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements and the effective control and management of the risks associated with the outsourced arrangements.

With regard to the outsourcing of any function or insurance activity the following shall apply as a minimum:

- A detailed examination/due diligence shall be undertaken prior to outsourcing the function or insurance activity for the purposes of:
 - o allowing the Company to understand the main risks that might arise from the outsourcing,
 - identifying the most suitable strategies for the mitigation/management of such risks,



- ensuring that the Service Provider has the necessary financial resources, ability, capacity and any authorization required by law to perform the outsourced activities reliably and professionally.
- The Company shall remain fully responsible for the discharging of all its obligations under a function or insurance activity that is outsourced.
- The Company ensures that there is effective supervision of the outsourced function or activity. In
 addition, it ensures that the Company's regulator will have access to all relevant data held by the
 Service Provider to which the function or insurance activity is outsourced, regardless of whether
 such Service Provider is a regulated or unregulated entity.
- The Company ensures that there is a Non-disclosure Agreement in place with the Service Provider in the event that any confidential information is to be provided to the Service Provider.
- The Company safeguards that in any arrangement with a Service Provider it shall have the right to terminate the Outsourced arrangement.

In accordance with the Company's Manual, prior to the outsourcing of an activity or function, an assessment is carried out by the Outsourcing Officer as to whether the outsourced activity or function has the potential to be considered a critical or important service or activity, and the Legal Department provides confirmation as to the result of such an assessment.

As at the end of 2021, the following critical functions or activities are outsourced:

- The Internal Audit control function of the Company;
- The handling and investigation of healthcare claims;
- Portfolio management services related to Class VII products (management of group pension funds); and
- IT services

All the above service providers are located in Cyprus.

B.8 Adequacy of the system of governance

The Board of Directors of the Company is committed to good governance which is vital to creating trust and engagement between the Company and its stakeholders and contributes towards its long-term success. A key objective of the governance framework of the Company is to ensure compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements however, proportionate to the size and complexity of the Company's operations, it also applies best practices of corporate governance and corporate administration.

The Company aims to ensure on an ongoing basis that it is a modern, transparent and competitive organization. By adopting best practices, the Company achieves a dynamic and effective communication with the Board, management and shareholder leading to a successful implementation of its strategy and a more than adequate framework of corporate governance.



C. Risk Profile



C. Risk Profile

Solvency II is a risk-based solvency requirement framework which requires the Company to hold capital against underwriting, market, credit and operational risks. The Company aims to maintain sufficient available capital to cover all risks it faces and to satisfy the regulatory requirements at all times.

The Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR) is the economic capital that should be held to ensure that the Company can meet its obligations to policyholders and beneficiaries with certain probability and should be set to a confidence level of 99,5% over a 12-month period. That requirement limits the chance of financial loss for the following year to a 1-in-200-year event. There is also a Minimum Capital Requirement, which represents an 85% confidence level and should not be less than 25% of the SCR. The Company uses the standard formula to calculate the SCR, as provided by the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA).

The Company's solvency position as at 31 December 2021 is equal to 227% which is well above the Company's risk appetite limit. Further relevant quantitative information in relation to the Company's capital requirements and solvency position can be found in Section E, "Capital Management" of this Report.

A key component of the risk management system and the ORSA process is the annual risk assessment exercise, through which the Company assesses its position regarding the different risks to which it is or might be exposed. The assessment covers all risk types, including less-quantifiable risks, and aims to determine the Company's risk profile taking into consideration its risk appetite. It is based on quantitative and qualitative criteria, prior experience and expert judgment.

As part of the ORSA process, the Company performs stress tests on material risks using some common and some extreme but plausible scenarios in order to examine the impact on its future capital and solvency position. The purpose of this exercise is to identify whether the Company will remain solvent and adequately capitalised should any of these tests or scenarios materialise. The results of the stress tests performed in 2021 are presented under each relevant risk category in the following Chapters.

The Company also performs reverse stress tests in order to identify potential business vulnerabilities. This exercise starts from an outcome of business failure and identifies circumstances where this might occur. Based on the results of the exercise carried out in 2021, it was concluded that various extreme events would have to occur simultaneously in order for the solvency ratio to drastically fall below a level that the Company would face a business failure.

C.1 Underwriting Risk

Underwriting risk is defined as the risk of loss or of adverse change in the value of insurance liabilities, due to inadequate pricing and provisioning assumptions. The Company is exposed to life and health underwriting risks, which are further broken down to sub-categories of risks, as described below.

Life Underwriting Risk

Out of the particular constituents of Life Underwriting Risk, those that affect the Company's business are the mortality risk, the expense risk, the lapse risk and the catastrophe risk. Longevity risk does not affect the Company as it does not write business where survival is a particular risk (e.g. annuity business).

Mortality Risk

It is the risk of loss, or of adverse change in the value of insurance liabilities, resulting from changes in the level, trend, or volatility of mortality rates, where an increase in the mortality rate leads to an increase in the value of insurance liabilities.



As a life insurance company, EuroLife is exposed to the risk of mortality experience being higher than expected, which in turn leads to more claims from insurance policies that provide death cover. This has as a result the amount of claim payments to be higher than expected. Higher mortality experience than expected can arise from mis-judgment during assumption setting, inadequate assessment of the risks entailed during underwriting, concentration of risks, etc.

Expense Risk

It arises from the variation in expenses incurred in servicing insurance contracts. EuroLife is exposed to the risk that its expenses are higher than expected. Expense risk can arise from higher than expected inflation, lower volume of business than expected, changes in the mix of business, etc.

Lapse Risk

It is the risk of loss or adverse change in liabilities due to a change in the expected exercise rates of policyholder options. The relevant options are all legal or contractual policy holder rights to fully or partially terminate, surrender, decrease, restrict or suspend insurance cover or permit the policy to lapse.

EuroLife is exposed to the risk of lapse rates being higher or lower than expected. The risk of higher than expected lapses can incur at the early stage of a policy life-cycle, when a policy may lapse before expenses are recovered. The risk of lower than expected lapses can incur at the late stage of policies life-cycle, when more policies are in-force creating higher claim costs than expected.

EuroLife is also exposed to mass lapses driven by market conditions and any other one-off shock lapse event.

Catastrophe Risk

This risk stems from extreme or irregular events whose effects are not sufficiently captured in the other life underwriting risk sub-modules. EuroLife is exposed to life-catastrophe risk due to the potential increase in mortality caused by a catastrophic, extreme death event (e.g. pandemic event, plane crash, nuclear explosion, etc.)

Health Underwriting Risk

Health underwriting risk module captures the risk of health insurance obligations and it covers the following sub-risks:

- The SLT Health underwriting risk sub module
- The Non-SLT Health underwriting risk sub module and
- The Health catastrophe risk.

The Company classifies its health related business (stand-alone and supplementary benefits) into the two categories, SLT Health and Non-SLT Health and determines the capital requirement under each of the relevant risk sub-categories.

The exposure to SLT Health underwriting risk exists due to EuroLife's health insurance obligations pursued on a similar technical basis to that of life insurance, segmented and valued according to the segmentation for life insurance obligations (e.g. accidental death, disability benefits, income protection benefits).

The exposure to Non-SLT Health underwriting risk exists due to EuroLife's health insurance obligations not pursued on a similar technical basis to that of life insurance (e.g. medical expenses benefits).

EuroLife is exposed to health-catastrophe risk due to the potential mass accident and pandemic events that may occur and could affect its clients.



Use of Reinsurance as a Risk Mitigation Technique

The Company's reinsurance arrangements serve to limit its overall underwriting risk exposure as well as to reduce the volatility of its claims and enhance underwriting performance.

The reinsurance arrangements currently in place cover all types of underwriting risks (mortality, morbidity/disability, medical expenses) and potential events relating to significant known aggregations of risk such as realistic disaster scenarios (catastrophe reinsurance arrangement).

Underwriting Risk Management Policy

The Company has established an Underwriting Risk Management Policy that sets out the policies and procedures for the management of underwriting risk. In addition a Reserving Risk Management Policy and a Reinsurance Policy are in place.

The Company has in place the following controls for monitoring underwriting risk:

- Use of reinsurance to reduce exposure to mortality, morbidity and medical expense risks,
- Underwriting Department ensures that only insurable risks are accepted and that premiums reflect the unique circumstances of each risk,
- · Lapse monitoring is conducted regularly,
- Experience investigations covering mortality, morbidity and expenses are conducted on an annual basis, unless circumstances require a more frequent analysis,
- Product design and pricing aims to minimise adverse client selection and the Company has
 retained the option to review premium rates at regular intervals throughout the life-cycle of
 certain types of policies.

Underwriting Risk Assessment and ORSA outcome

Underwriting risk was taken into consideration under the scenario of the market risk stress test, which indicated that it would have an impact on the Company's solvency position, but it would remain within its risk appetite, as stated in Chapter C.2 below.

C.2 Market Risk

Market risk is defined as the risk of loss or of adverse change in the financial situation resulting, directly or indirectly, from fluctuations in the level and in the volatility of market prices of assets, liabilities and financial instruments. It is broken down to interest rate, equity, property, currency, spread and concentration risk.

The Company writes predominantly unit-linked business where the market risk is borne by the policyholder. The greater impact of market risk to the Company arises from its own assets.

Interest Rate Risk

This risk exists for all assets and liabilities which are sensitive to changes in the term structure of interest rates or interest rate volatility, whether valued by mark-to-model or mark-to-market techniques. EuroLife's exposure to interest rate risk arises due to its own investments in interest-sensitive assets such as sovereign bonds, corporate bonds, fixed deposits and notice accounts. It also arises from an increase in the technical provisions when interest rates decrease and there is no perfect asset-liability matching.



Equity Risk

This risk arises from the level or volatility of market prices for equities. Exposure to equity risk refers to all assets and liabilities whose value is sensitive to changes in equity prices and any assets not shocked in other risk modules.

It is EuroLife's policy not to hold any equities or equity type investments in the other than unit-linked portfolio.

Property Risk

It arises as a result of sensitivity of assets, liabilities and financial investments to the level or volatility of market prices of property. Types of asset falling under this category are land, buildings, immovable property rights as well as the Company's head office building.

It is EuroLife's policy not to hold any own investments in property other than its head office building and its adjacent parking plot.

Currency Risk

This risk arises from changes in the level of volatility of currency exchange rates. All investments with exposure to non-euro currencies are stressed under this risk. These include all non-euro denominated investments or Funds or Funds of Funds whose underlying stocks or bonds are non-euro denominated even if the actual Fund is denominated in euro.

EuroLife's exposure to currency risk is limited as the majority of its assets and liabilities are denominated in euro.

Spread Risk

This risk results from the sensitivity of the value of assets, liabilities and financial instruments to changes in the level or in the volatility of credit spreads over the risk-free interest rate term structure.

The Company applies this risk to all assets stressed under the interest rate risk. In addition, it applies the spread risk shock to its fixed deposits.

Concentration Risk

It is the risk of accumulating investment exposures with the same counterparty. It applies to assets considered under equity, property and spread risk modules, but excludes assets covered under the counterparty default risk. It also excludes assets backing unit liabilities of unit-linked policies where the investment risk is borne by the policyholder.

Market Risk Management Policy and Prudent Person Principle

The policies and procedures for the management of market risk are documented in the Company's Market/Investment Risk Management Policy and in the ALM Policy. Their main objective is to ensure that all investment activities are consistent with the Company's RAS and with the Prudent Person Principle.

In order for the Company to safeguard that investment decisions are taken based on the provisions of the Prudent Person Principle it has established two Executive Committees, the Investment Committee and the ALM Committee, which are responsible for the management of unit-linked assets and own assets, respectively. Committee meetings are held on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, decisions are taken by the majority of votes and the relevant meeting Minutes are submitted to the Risk Committee/Board for noting.

In particular, relevant limits have been set within the Company's RAS which are monitored by the RMF and reported to the abovementioned Executive Committees as well as to the Senior Management and Risk Committee. These include, among else, restrictions on own assets (i.e. other than unit-linked



assets) in relation to duration, asset classes, counterparty, country, concentration and currency risk exposures.

As regards unit-linked assets (i.e. the assets held in respect of life insurance contracts where the investment risk is borne by the policyholders) the investment objective varies according to the investment strategy of each of the Company's Internal Funds but it is broadly to achieve the maximum risk-adjusted return for the benefit of the policyholders. Relevant limits have been set according to the mandate of each of the Company's Internal Funds which set specific asset allocation constraints and are continuously monitored. Also, the Company acts in compliance with the Orders issued by the Regulator restricting the types of assets to which policy benefits may be linked.

In addition, in order to limit any investment losses, it is the Company's policy to avoid direct investments in stocks that do not trade in regulated markets, in hybrid assets, derivatives (for purposes other than hedging) and avoid excess exposure to currency risk. The Company aims to maintain at all times a highly diversified portfolio of liquid assets. Also, it is the Company's policy to only invest in regulated collective investment Funds. A preference is made for Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS) compliant Funds which minimises counterparty, market and liquidity risk.

The Company collaborates with multiple reputable external fund managers with different investment philosophies to allow diversification of fund management. The Company follows a selection process, with specific evaluation and selection criteria, when choosing Fund Managers. The performance and investment process of the chosen Fund Manager is closely and regularly monitored and the Company ensures that it is able to properly assess and report the assets under management and perform the required solvency capital calculations.

Market Risk Assessment and ORSA outcome

During 2021, market risk was considered as a material risk for the Company due to its significant exposure to Bond Funds. As part of the ORSA process carried out in 2021, a combined stress test scenario was performed assuming, among else, that there is delayed integration of sustainability factors in the Company's investment strategy, which indicated that the Company's solvency position remained within the risk appetite limit, even though its solvency ratio decreased between 20% to 30% during the projected period. During the approval of the ORSA Report 2021 by the Board, it was decided that the Company should continue the close monitoring of its exposure to Bond Funds to ensure that it remains below the risk appetite limits.

C.3 Credit Risk

Credit risk or counterparty default risk is defined as the risk of loss due to unexpected default, or deterioration in the credit standing of the Company's counterparties and debtors.

EuroLife is exposed to counterparty default risk arising mainly from its collaboration with banking and reinsurance counterparties.

Credit Risk Management Policy

The Company has established a Credit Risk Management Policy that sets out the policies and procedures for the management of credit risk. In addition, a Concentration Risk Management Policy is in place.

In particular, the following controls are in place for managing credit risk:

- Counterparty limits are set as part of the Company's risk appetite which is frequently monitored by RMF.
- Credit rating restrictions apply to ensure high credit quality of both unit-linked assets and other than unit-linked assets.



- Frequent counterparty assessments are performed which take into account the counterparty's creditworthiness, financial strength and overall performance and reputation, by using independent and reliable sources.
- Past due items are monitored frequently, at individual and aggregate level, and collections are tracked against previous month.

Credit Risk Assessment and ORSA outcome

During the risk assessment exercise performed in 2021, it was concluded that the Company had material credit risk exposure, which derived from the exposure to its banking counterparties. As part of the ORSA process, for the stress test scenario calculations, risk appetite limits were taken into consideration, where possible. Also, the bank balances were set to a sufficient amount in order to meet the working capital needs. The results of the stress tests carried out, showed that the solvency ratio remained well above the minimum regulatory requirements and within the Company's risk appetite. As per the relevant Board decision taken, the Company's material exposures to its banking counterparties were significantly reduced by the end of the year.

C.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is defined as the risk that the Company is unable to realise investments and other assets in order to settle its financial obligations when they fall due.

Liquidity risk may arise from significant asset-liability mismatches in relation to duration. These may occur due to unexpected outflows and/or inability to liquidate assets or to receive scheduled payments. In this context, liquidity risk arises if there are circumstances where the Company has insufficient liquid or readily realizable assets to meet its commitments.

In addition, the Company is exposed to liquidity risk under a mass surrender scenario. A less likely event giving rise to high one-off payment is the occurrence of a death, accident or disability claim where a very high sum assured is involved or the occurrence of a catastrophic event giving rise to multiple simultaneous claims. However, the latter events will not require the immediate payment of sums as a mass surrender event would.

Other liquidity needs include the payment of commissions to intermediaries and fulfilling regular obligations such as staff salary payments or supplier invoice payments.

Liquidity Risk Management Policy

The Company's Liquidity Risk Management Policy stipulates the policies and procedures for the management of liquidity risk.

The Company has established the following controls for the management of liquidity risk:

- The Company has a very limited appetite for liquidity risk and aims to maintain sufficient assets in liquid form.
- Various daily, weekly and monthly liquidity ratios have been set as part of the Company's risk appetite.
- RMF monitors the level of compliance with liquidity limits on a quarterly basis and reports its findings to the Senior Management and Risk Committee.

It is the Company's policy to hold sufficient liquid assets to meet its financial obligations.

Expected profit included in future premiums

The expected profit included in future premiums is calculated as the difference between the technical provisions without a risk margin and a calculation of the technical provisions without a risk margin under the assumption that the premiums relating to existing insurance and reinsurance contracts that are expected to be received in the future are not received for any reason other than the insured event



having occurred, regardless of the legal or contractual rights of the policyholder to discontinue the policy. The amount of expected profit from future premiums as at 31 December 2021 is equal to €58,6m.

Liquidity Risk Assessment and ORSA outcome

As per the risk assessment performed in 2021, the exposure to liquidity risk was not considered material and so no specific stress test was deemed necessary to be performed during the ORSA process, even though it was taken into consideration in the scenario of counterparty stress test stated in Chapter C.5.

C.5 Operational Risk

Operational risk is defined as the risk of loss arising from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events.

The Company has identified, inter alia, the following causes of operational risk:

- Processes: Causes relating to poorly designed processes, deviations from policy, etc.
- People: Causes relating to human errors, fraudulent activity, key person risk, etc.
- Systems: Causes relating to inadequate or obsolete systems, poor system maintenance, etc.
- External Events: Causes mainly having to do with natural disasters or other socio-economic and/or political factors outside the Company's control.

Legal risk exposure is also considered during the operational risk assessment.

Operational Risk Management Policy

The Company has established an Operational Risk Management Policy that sets out the policies and procedures for the management of operational risk.

Operational risk management is the responsibility of all staff across all levels of the Company, as its exposure to operational risk is inherent in all of the Company's activities and operations. Through the risk and control self-assessment (RCSA) carried out by the Business Units, with the guidance of the RMF and further oversight from GRMD, operational risk exposures are identified and assessed, and relevant action plans are drawn up to mitigate identified risks. Monthly follow-up is performed for monitoring the progress of agreed mitigating actions.

In addition, the Company has established a process for collecting, evaluating, monitoring and reporting operational risk loss data. The collection of internal loss data is supported by all Business Units of the Company, which have the responsibility to report the operational risk events to the RMF, which in turns ensures that they are properly recorded in the operational loss event database.

Furthermore, the Company's RAS includes a combination of qualitative and quantitative limits and thresholds for all major types of operational risk events.

Operational Risk Assessment and ORSA outcome

During the risk assessment exercise, operational risk was assessed as a material risk for the Company. As part of the ORSA process, a stress test was carried out combining multiple factors, including the materialisation of an operational event. The solvency ratio remained well above the Company's risk appetite limit, even though it decreased within the range of 15% to 30% during the projected period. Nevertheless, relevant mitigating actions were approved by the Board during the review and approval of the ORSA Report for 2021.



C.6 Other Material Risks

Business risk was assessed as a material risk for the Company during 2021. Business risk refers to the risk that may cause to the Company inadequate profits or even losses and it is influenced by numerous factors, including business plan and strategy, competition and reputation.

The Company closely monitors market conditions to which the business is exposed and is very agile in adjusting its business goals in response to changes in the business, competitive or regulatory environment.

As part of the ORSA process, a stress test regarding business risk was performed in 2021 assuming, among else, a prolonged impact from Covid-19 pandemic. The results of the stress test showed a decrease in the Company's own funds and/or its solvency ratio. It is noted that the most significant impact on the solvency ratio was observed, since it had a drop within the range of 15% to 35%, during the projected period. However, the Company was considered adequately capitalised, since its solvency position remained well above the minimum regulatory requirements and within its risk appetite.

It is noted that various measures already adopted following the outbreak of Covid-19 pandemic remain in-force, as necessary, including among else the following:

- Implementation of all necessary Health & Safety measures in accordance with the guidelines and instructions issued by Cyprus Government authorities,
- Maintenance of all available digital channels of the Company, such as Customer portal "myEuroLife", to ensure efficiency in customer service,
- Continuous monitoring of Covid-19 developments and assessing their impact on profitability, liquidity and solvency ratio on an ongoing basis and, when necessary, revisit dividend distribution plan to ensure a strong solvency position.

C.7 Other information

The Company aims to maintain its risk profile within its risk appetite and in accordance with regulatory requirements. The set risk appetite and tolerance limits are monitored by the RMF with the use of the Risk Appetite Dashboard, which is reported on a quarterly basis through the Risk Management Report to the Senior Management, Risk Committee and to GRMD, indicating any possible violations and remedial actions taken or planned to be taken. The Risk Committee has the right to escalate to the Board any issues it deems necessary.



D. Valuation for Solvency purposes



D. Valuation for Solvency purposes

D.1 Assets

The primary objective of asset valuation for Solvency purposes is set out in Article 75 of the Solvency II Directive which requires an economic, market-consistent approach to the valuation of assets. According to this approach assets should be valued at the amount for which they could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The default reference framework for valuing assets is the IFRS as adopted by the European Union. The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRSs and contain a summary of the significant accounting policies adopted in their preparation.

The following table summarises for each material class of assets, the value of the asset and a description for the bases, methods and main assumptions used for valuation for solvency purposes.

Asset class	Value	Value	Solvency II valuation basis
	31.12.2021 €′000	31.12.2020 €′000	
Property, plant & equipment held for own use	17.127	17.555	Property: valued based on 2020 external valuation report. Plant & Equipment: valued at cost less accumulated depreciation less any impairment
Investments (other than assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts)			
Property (other than for own use)	12.300	11.755	Valued based on 2021 external valuation report obtained by independent property valuers.
Bonds	9.321	12.660	Valued at fair value as at the reporting date. The following hierarchy of high level principles for the valuation of assets is used: • Quoted market prices in active markets (100,0% (2020: 92,2%)). • Mark-to-model techniques that are benchmarked, extrapolated or otherwise calculated as far as possible from a market input (0% (2020: 7,8%)).
Collective Investments Undertakings	135.596	125.492	Valued at fair value based on market prices as at the reporting date.
Deposits other than cash equivalents	1.444	1.407	Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Assets held for index- linked and unit-linked contracts	549.304	471.645	Includes bonds, equities, collective investments undertakings, properties and deposits other than cash equivalents held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts. Valued at fair value as at the reporting date. The following hierarchy of high level principles for the valuation of assets is used: • Quoted market prices in active



			 markets (95,9% (2020:93,6%)). Maximum use of relevant observable inputs and market inputs and as little reliance as possible on undertaking-specific inputs, minimizing the use of unobservable inputs (4,1% (2020: 6,4%)).
Loans and mortgages	445	407	Valued at amortised cost.
Reinsurance recoverables	12.110	17.326	Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Insurance and intermediaries receivables	3.877	3.216	Includes premiums due and amounts due from agents. Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Reinsurance receivables	6.623	9.409	Includes the current account with the reinsurer and the reinsurance share on incurred outstanding claims. Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Receivables (trade, not insurance)	355	352	Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Cash and cash equivalents	14.027	14.603	Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Any other assets	4.190	3.745	Includes tax receivables and related parties balances. Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Total assets	766.719	689.572	

The differences in valuation between IFRS valuation assets and Solvency II are summarised below:

	IFRS Financial Statements	Solvency II Framework
Intangible Assets (Computer Software)	Measured in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS) 38 at cost less accumulated amortization and impaired losses	Measured at zero as they cannot be sold separately and there is no value for the same or similar assets from quoted market prices in active markets
Reinsurance Recoverables	Measured on the same basis as per IFRS financial statements	Reinsurance share Technical Provisions measured in accordance with Solvency II principles



D.2 Technical Provisions

Technical Provisions by material line of business:

Technical provisions	Gross Best Estimates (BE)	Risk Margin (RM)	Reinsurance	Net TPs (BE+RM- RI)
31.12.2021	€'000	00 €′000 €		€′000
Health Non SLT	(1.878)	266	(2.580)	968
Health SLT	15.569	11.575	14.739	12.405
Life without profit sharing	7.260	13.933	2.665	18.528
Unit Linked	511.180	22.826	(2.714)	536.720
Total	532.131	48.600	12.110	568.621

Technical provisions	Gross Best Estimates (BE)	Risk Margin (RM)	Reinsurance	Net TPs (BE+RM- RI)				
31.12.2020	€′000	€′000	€′000	€′000				
Health Non SLT	2.264	2.264 286 (309)						
Health SLT	14.033	10.762	13.337	11.458				
Life without profit sharing	9.891	12.324	2.362	19.853				
Unit Linked	441.364	21.084	1.936	460.512				
Total	467.552	44.456	17.326	494.682				

In calculating the actuarial and other policyholder liabilities, various assumptions have been made regarding the future experience of the Company's portfolio of insured risks.

In practice best estimate assumptions represent the most likely outcome as determined by the actuary based on Company and industry experience, and other external factors (where appropriate), removing all possible a priori bias on an estimation of the future. Future management actions are also taken into consideration when setting the assumptions (e.g. known future costs).

The main assumptions in assessing the best estimate reserves are as follows:

Interest rates

The risk- free interest rate term structure used for discounting the projected cash flows in the technical calculation is the euro relevant risk-free structure as specified by the Solvency II regulations. The Company used the rates as provided by the EIOPA. The Company did not use the matching adjustment nor the volatility adjustment at 31 December 2021.

Expenses

The expenses incurred in servicing all recognized insurance obligations consist of:

- Administration expenses
- Investment management expenses
- Claims management expenses / handling expenses
- Acquisition expenses
- Overhead expenses

The Company performs a regular expense analysis, on relevant and available internal past data, in order to allocate the expenses between initial and renewal and by type of expense. The best estimate expense assumptions are based on the results of this regular analysis together with budgeted expenses and are subject to expert judgment.



Inflation

The inflation assumption is very important as it directly impacts the renewal expenses of the Company (an important source of outflow) as well as the administration fee (which is an important source of income for the Company). It is a long-term assumption (short-term fluctuations are ignored) and is based on the both the price inflation (market specific) as well as Company specific expenses. Together with the expense assumption it determines the future expense outflows of the Company.

Lapse assumptions

Lapse assumptions are set with reference to the Company's past experience of policyholder behavior and the prospective assessment of expected policyholder behavior.

Policyholders' option to lapse and also in certain cases to surrender are mainly dependent on the change of policyholders' status such as the ability to further pay the premium, employment status, family status etc.

Lapse assumptions vary by type of business and benefit cover.

Mortality

The mortality assumption should be chosen having regard to relevant available data of the Company. However due to the fact that the Company's mortality experience is too limited to be reliable as a basis, published mortality rates are used upon which a percentage is applied. This percentage has been determined based on relevant and available internal past data and is subject to expert judgment.

Level of uncertainty associated with the value of technical provisions

Uncertainty relates primarily to how future actual experience will differ from the best estimate assumptions used to calculate the technical provisions. The key assumptions are interest rates, lapse rates, and mortality rates. A robust assumption setting process is followed in order to ensure the uncertainty is well understood.

Solvency II and IFRS valuation differences

Whilst some of the approaches and techniques applied under Solvency II are similar to those followed under the IFRS basis, there are other areas where there are major differences (in terms of methodologies and assumptions).

Some of the more important and challenging requirements are listed in the section below and are not listed in order of importance:

- Movement to a cashflow basis for valuation of both gross business and reinsurance.
- Removal of margins within best estimates in an effort to provide a "true best estimate" for solvency purposes.
- Introduction of the principle of a market consistent basis and calculation of a Risk Margin.
- Allowance for negative reserves.
- Introduction of the contract boundary definition (this has an impact on the Company's life plans which consist of a contract boundary).
- Discounting using an EIOPA provided term structure as opposed to discounting using the rate implied by the assets which back the liabilities.

The table below compares the IFRS valuation of insurance contract liabilities to the Solvency II technical provisions, split by line of business.



Technical provisions (Net of Reinsurance)	Solvency II (BE +RM)	IFRS valuation	Difference
31.12.2021	€′000	€′000	€′000
Health Non SLT	968	2.069	(1.101)
Health SLT	12.405	9.312	3.093
Life without profit sharing	18.528	26.526	(7.998)
Unit Linked	536.720	625.501	(88.781)
Total	568.621	663.408	(94.787)

Technical provisions (Net of Reinsurance)	Solvency II (BE +RM)	IFRS valuation	Difference
31.12.2020	€′000	€′000	€′000
Health Non SLT	2.859	2.132	727
Health SLT	11.458	8.127	3.331
Life without profit sharing	19.853	26.488	(6.635)
Unit Linked	460.512	552.845	(92.333)
Total	494.682	589.592	(94.910)

D.3 Liabilities (other than technical provisions)

The primary objective of liabilities (other than technical provisions) valuation for Solvency purposes is set out in Article 75 of the Solvency II Directive which requires an economic, market-consistent approach to the valuation of liabilities (other than technical provisions). According to this approach liabilities (other than technical provisions) should be valued at the amount for which they could be transferred, or settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The default reference framework for valuing liabilities (other than technical provisions) are the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union. The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRSs and contain a summary of the significant accounting policies adopted in their preparation.

The following table summarises for each material class of liabilities (other than technical provisions), the value of the liability (other than technical provisions) and a description for the bases, methods and main assumptions used for valuation for solvency purposes.



Liabilities	Value	Value	Solvency II valuation basis
	31.12.2021 €′000	31.12.2020 €′000	
Pension benefit obligation	1.673	2.954	Value is based on an external actuarial valuation
Deferred tax liabilities	14.582	14.543	Measured at the amount that is expected to be paid to the tax authorities after taking into account the tax rates and legislation that have been enacted or substantially been enacted by the reporting date. The Solvency II balance sheet includes a deferred tax liability arising on reporting differences from the change in technical provisions under Solvency II.
Insurance & intermediaries payables	26.862	22.443	Includes amounts due to policyholders, amounts due to agents, the current account with the reinsurer and the incurred outstanding claims. Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Reinsurance payables	2.144	959	Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Payables (trade, not insurance)	9.710	10.884	Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Any other liabilities, not elsewhere shown	875	489	Valued at the same basis as per IFRS financial statements.
Total liabilities	55.846	52.272	

The Solvency II balance sheet includes a deferred tax liability arising from the temporary differences between technical provisions under Solvency II compared to those under IFRS (which are not used for income tax purposes).

D.4 Other

There are no other material matters in respect to the valuation of assets and liabilities for solvency purposes.



E. Capital Management



E. Capital Management

E.1 Own Funds

The objective of own funds management is to maintain, at all times, sufficient own funds to cover the SCR and MCR with an appropriate buffer. These should be of sufficient quality to meet the eligibility requirements of Article 82 of the Delegated Regulation. The Company holds regular meetings of the Solvency II Steering Committee, which are at least quarterly, during which the ratio of eligible own funds over SCR and MCR are reviewed. The ultimate responsibility rests with the Company's Board of Directors. As part of own funds management, the Company undertakes an ORSA exercise at least annually. The ORSA exercise incorporates the business planning process which is typically considered over a three-year time horizon.

An analysis of own funds by tier is shown below:

	Ordinary Share capital	Reconciliation reserve	Total
	€′000	€′000	€′000
1 January 2020	15.647	113.065	128.712
Movement for the year	-	(3.420)	(3.420)
31 December 2020	15.647	109.645	125.292
Movement for the year	-	4.850	4.850
31 December 2021	15.647	114.495	130.142
Total Basic Own Funds - Tier 1	15.647	114.495	130.142

The Company's ordinary share capital and reconciliation reserve are all available as tier 1 unrestricted own funds as per Article 69 (a)(i) of the Delegated Regulation. The reconciliation reserve equals the excess of assets over liabilities less other basic own funds as at the reporting date. There are no foreseeable dividends or own shares held.

The Company has no tier 1 restricted own funds (as per Article 80 of the Delegated Regulation), no tier 2 own funds (as per Article 72 of the Delegated Regulation) and no tier 3 own funds (as per Article 76 of the Delegated Regulation). The Company's own funds are all available to cover the SCR and MCR.

The table below shows the difference between own funds as shown in the financial statements and the Solvency II own funds:

	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
	€′000	€′000
Total own funds per Financial Statements	55.374	51.822
Intangible assets	(8.171)	(9.575)
Change in valuation of Technical Provisions (net)	94.787	94.910
Additional Deferred Tax Liability	(11.848)	(11.865)
Total Tier 1 Capital	130.142	125.292
Total basic own funds	130.142	125.292



E.2 Solvency Capital Requirement and Minimum Capital Requirement

The Company's Solvency Capital Requirement and Minimum Capital Requirement, based on the Solvency II standard formula methodology, for the financial year end 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
	€′000	€′000
Total available own funds to meet the SCR	130.142	125.292
Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR)	57.404	54.122
Solvency Ratio	227%	232%
Total available own funds to meet the MCR	130.142	125.292
Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR)	17.059	13.530
Ratio of Eligible own funds to MCR	763%	926%

The final amount of the SCR and MCR remains subject to supervisory assessment.

A further analysis of the Company's SCR for the year 2021 and 2020 to its different constituents is shown below:

Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR)	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
	€′000	€′000
Market Risk	28.269	26.615
Counterparty Risk	3.249	6.294
Life Underwriting Risk	38.547	34.867
Health Risk	15.217	14.439
Diversification Basic Solvency Capital Requirement (BSCR)	(24.343)	(24.605)
BSCR	60.939	57.610
Operational Risk	4.666	4.243
Loss Absorbing Capacity for Deferred Tax	(8.201)	(7.731)
SCR Total	57.404	54.122

It should be noted that simplified calculations are not used for any of the risk modules or sub modules.

The table below shows the inputs into the MCR calculation as at 31 December 2021 and 2020. Note the Absolute Floor of the Minimum Capital Requirement (AMCR) is prescribed by EIOPA and stated in Euros below:

Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR)	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
	€′000	€′000
AMCR	6.200	6.200
Linear MCR	17.059	13.110
SCR	57.404	54.122
Combined MCR	17.058	13.530
MCR	17.059	13.530

E.3 Non-Compliance with the MCR and Non-Compliance with the SCR

The Company has maintained capital sufficient to meet its MCR and SCR throughout the years 2021 and 2020.

E.4 Other

There are no other material matters in respect to the capital management of the Company.



F. Glossary



F. Glossary

QRTs

ALM Asset Liability Management

BoC Bank of Cyprus
BoD/Board Board of Directors

EIOPA European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority

GRMD Group Risk Management Division

IAS International Accounting Standards

ICCS Insurance Companies Control Service

ICS Internal Control System

IFRS International Financial Reporting Standards

MCR Minimum Capital Requirement

Non-SLT Health Similar to Non-Life Techniques

ORSA Own Risk and Solvency Assessment

RAS Risk Appetite and Tolerance Statement

RCSA Risk and control self-assessment RMF Risk Management Function

SCR Solvency Capital Requirement

SFCR Solvency and Financial Condition Report

SLT Health obligations Similar to Life Techniques
SMT Senior Management Team

UCITS Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities

Quantitative Reporting Templates



G. Templates



Templates 2021

Section G S.02.01.02 Balance sheet

Assets	F	Solvency II value C0010
Goodwill	R0010	
Deferred acquisition costs	R0020	
Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	R0030 R0040	0,00
Pension benefit surplus	R0050	0,00
Property, plant & equipment held for own use	R0060	17.127.429,30
Investments (other than assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts) Property (other than for own use)	R0070 R0080	158.660.427,79
Holdings in related undertakings, including participations	R0090	12.300.000,00
Equities	R0100	
Equities - listed	R0110	
Equities - unlisted Bonds	R0120 R0130	0.221.162.06
Government Bonds	R0140	9.321.162,06 2.757.051,57
Corporate Bonds	R0150	6.564.110,49
Structured notes	R0160	·
Collateralised securities	R0170	125 505 651 66
Collective Investments Undertakings Derivatives	R0180 R0190	135.595.651,60
Deposits other than cash equivalents	R0200	1.443.614,13
Other investments	R0210	
Assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts	R0220	549.304.221,28
Loans and mortgages	R0230 R0240	444.646,35 444.646,35
Loans on policies Loans and mortgages to individuals	R0250	0,00
Other loans and mortgages	R0260	
Reinsurance recoverables from:	R0270	12.110.339,76
Non-life and health similar to non-life Non-life excluding health	R0280 R0290	-2.580.448,14
Health similar to non-life	R0300	-2.580.448,14
Life and health similar to life, excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked	R0310	17.404.299,16
Health similar to life	R0320	14.738.826,50
Life excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked Life index-linked and unit-linked	R0330 R0340	2.665.472,66 -2.713.511,26
Deposits to cedants	R0350	-2./13.311,20
Insurance and intermediaries receivables	R0360	3.877.202,73
Reinsurance receivables	R0370	6.623.153,50
Receivables (trade, not insurance) Own shares (held directly)	R0380 R0390	355.137,28
Amounts due in respect of own fund items or initial fund called up but not yet paid in	R0400	
Cash and cash equivalents	R0410	14.027.141,19
Any other assets, not elsewhere shown Total assets	R0420 R0500	4.189.648,64
Total assets	K0500	766.719.347,83 Solvency II value
Liabilities		C0010
Technical provisions - non-life	R0510	-1.611.424,32
Technical provisions - non-life (excluding health) Technical provisions calculated as a whole	R0520 R0530	
Best Estimate	R0540	
Risk margin	R0550	
Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life)	R0560 R0570	-1.611.424,32
Technical provisions calculated as a whole Best Estimate	R0570	0,00 -1.877.866,31
Risk margin	R0590	266.441,99
Technical provisions - life (excluding index-linked and unit-linked)	R0600	48.337.232,74
Technical provisions - health (similar to life)	R0610	27.144.580,86
Technical provisions calculated as a whole Best Estimate	R0620 R0630	0,00 15.569.357,82
Risk margin	R0640	11.575.223,04
Technical provisions - life (excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked)	R0650	21.192.651,88
Technical provisions calculated as a whole Best Estimate	R0660 R0670	0,00 7.259.794,71
Risk margin	R0680	13.932.857,17
Technical provisions - index-linked and unit-linked	R0690	534.005.419,70
Technical provisions calculated as a whole	R0700	0,00
Best Estimate Risk margin	R0710 R0720	511.179.579,91 22.825.839,80
Other technical provisions	R0730	22.823.837,80
Contingent liabilities	R0740	
Provisions other than technical provisions	R0750	1 (70 1 (1 1
Pension benefit obligations Deposits from reinsurers	R0760 R0770	1.673.461,41
Deferred tax liabilities	R0780	14.581.697,46
Derivatives	R0790	
Debts owed to credit institutions	R0800	
Financial liabilities other than debts owed to credit institutions Insurance & intermediaries payables	R0810 R0820	26.861.832,09
Reinsurance payables	R0830	2.143.934,39
Payables (trade, not insurance)	R0840	9.710.026,67
Subordinated liabilities	R0850	
Subordinated liabilities not in Basic Own Funds	R0860	
		875.435,76
Subordinated liabilities not in Basic Own Funds Subordinated liabilities in Basic Own Funds	R0860 R0870	875.435,76 636.577.615,91 130.141.731,9 2

130.141.731,92

		Line of Business for: non-life insurance and reinsurance obligations (direct business and accepted proportional reinsurance)											Line of business for: accepted non-proportional reinsurance					
		Medical expense insurance	Income protection insurance	Workers' compensation insurance	Motor vehicle liability insurance	Other motor insurance	Marine, aviation and transport insurance	Fire and other damage to property insurance	General liability insurance	Credit and suretyship insurance	Legal expenses insurance	Assistance	Miscellaneous financial loss	Health	Casualty	Marine, aviation, transport	Property	Total
		C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160	C0200
Premiums written												• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						0.000
Gross - Direct Business	R0110	24.046.249,09	0,00	0,00	0,00	(,00,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		\sim		$>\!\!<$	24.046.249,0
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0120	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	(,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00					0,0
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0130													0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0
Reinsurers' share	R0140	12.150.628,75	0,00	0,00	0,00		,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	12.150.628,7
Net	R0200	11.895.620,34	0,00	0,00	0,00	(,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	
Premiums earned			-,***[3,00	- , , ,	•	, ,		,***[-,00		-,000	-,00	-,-		- 7 - 2	- , - •	
Gross - Direct Business	R0210	24.860.277,75	0,00	0,00	0,00	(.00	0.00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$		>	24.860.277,7
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0220	0,00	0,00	0,00		(,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		\sim			0,0
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0230	.,,	.,,,,,,	- 9										0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0
Reinsurers' share	R0240	12.500.510,89	0,00	0,00	0,00		,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	12.500.510,8
Net	R0300	12.359.766,86	0,00	0,00	0,00	(,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0.00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	12.359.766,8
Claims incurred				- 4	- 7	-	,		-,	-,		- ,	-,	-,-	,	,	,	
Gross - Direct Business	R0310	8.918.915,99	0.00	0,00	0,00	(,00,0	0,00	0,00	0.00	0,00	0,00	0,00				>	8.918.915,9
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0320	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	(,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0.00	0,00	0,00	0,00					0,0
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0330		.,,,,,,											0,0		0,00	0,00	0,0
Reinsurers' share	R0340	4.384.243,50	0,00	0,00	0,00		,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		0,0	0 0,00	0,00	0,00	4.384.243,5
Net	R0400	4.534.672,49	0,00	0,00	0,00	(.00 0.00	0.00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0.00	0,00	0.0			0,00	
Changes in other technical provisions			5,55		5,00		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				, ,,,,,		,,,,,	-,-	, ,,,,,	- 700	- ,	
Gross - Direct Business	R0410	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	(,00,0	0.00	0,00	0.00	0,00	0,00	0,00	\sim			>	0,0
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0420	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	(,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00					0,0
Gross - Non- proportional reinsurance accepted	R0430	.,,	.,,,,,,	- 9										0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0.0
Reinsurers' share	R0440	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0
Net	R0500	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	(,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0
Expenses incurred	R0550	7.663.079,90	0,00	0,00	0,00	(,00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	7.663.079,9
Other expenses	R1200	7, 1																0,0
Total expenses	R1300									$\overline{}$								7.663.079.9

				Line of Business for: life	insurance obligations			Life reinsura	Total	
		Health insurance	Insurance with profit participation	Index-linked and unit-linked insurance	Other life insurance	Annuities stemming from non-life insurance contracts and relating to health insurance obligations			Life-reinsurance	
		C0210	C0220	C0230	C0240	C0250	C0260	C0270	C0280	C0300
Premiums written				1	T		1	T	 -	
Gross	R1410	7.258.973,85	0,0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16.978.408,28	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Reinsurers' share	R1420	5.622.643,62	0,0		6.109.137,13				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Net	R1500	1.636.330,23	0,0	98.976.166,63	10.869.271,15	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	111.481.768,01
Premiums earned										
Gross	R1510	7.258.973,85	0,0	0 104.230.410,26	16.978.408,28	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
Reinsurers' share	R1520	5.622.643,62	0,0	0 5.254.243,63	6.109.137,13	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	16.986.024,38
Net	R1600	1.636.330,23	0,0	98.976.166,63	10.869.271,15	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	111.481.768,01
Claims incurred									1	
Gross	R1610	411.685,81	0,0	0 50.369.410,25	2.188.714,26	5 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	52.969.810,32
Reinsurers' share	R1620	259.692,19	0,0	0 3.475.914,07	705.908,37	7 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	4.441.514,63
Net	R1700	151.993,62	0,0	0 46.893.496,19	1.482.805,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	48.528.295,70
Changes in other technical provisions			<u> </u>							
Gross	R1710	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Reinsurers' share	R1720	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
Net	R1800	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
Expenses incurred	R1900	2.564.707,42	0,0	0 23.715.599,84	3.348.489,80	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	29.628.797,07
Other expenses	R2500									0,00
Total expenses	R2600									29.628.797,07

Section G S.05.02.01 Premiums, claims and expenses by country

		Home Country	Country (by amount of gross premiums written) - non-life obligations	Total for top 5 countries and home country (by amount of gross premiums written) - non-life obligations
		C0080	C0090	C0140
	R0010			
		C0080	C0090	C0140
Premiums written				
Gross - Direct Business	R0110	24.046.249,09		24.046.249,09
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0120			
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0130			
Reinsurers' share	R0140	12.150.628,75		12.150.628,75
Net	R0200	11.895.620,34		11.895.620,34
Premiums earned				
Gross - Direct Business	R0210	24.860.277,75		24.860.277,75
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0220			
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0230			
Reinsurers' share	R0240	12.500.510,89		12.500.510,89
Net	R0300	12.359.766,86		12.359.766,86
Claims incurred				
Gross - Direct Business	R0310	8.918.915,99		8.918.915,99
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0320			
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0330			
Reinsurers' share	R0340	4.384.243,50		4.384.243,50
Net	R0400	4.534.672,49		4.534.672,49
Changes in other technical provisions				
Gross - Direct Business	R0410			
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0420			
Gross - Non- proportional reinsurance accepted	R0430			
Reinsurers'share	R0440			
Net	R0500	0,00		0,00
Expenses incurred	R0550	7.663.079,90		7.663.079,90
Other expenses	R1200	$>\!\!<$	\sim	
Total expenses	R1300	> <	\bigwedge	7.663.079,90

		Home Country	Country (by amount of gross premiums written) - life obligations	Total for top 5 countries and home country (by amount of gross premiums written) - life obligations
		C0220	C0230	C0280
	R0010		GREECE	
		C0220	C0230	C0280
Premiums written				
Gross	R1410	128.467.792,39		128.467.792,39
Reinsurers' share	R1420	16.986.024,38	0,00	16.986.024,38
Net	R1500	111.481.768,01	0,00	111.481.768,01
Premiums earned				
Gross	R1510	128.467.792,39	0,00	128.467.792,39
Reinsurers' share	R1520	16.986.024,38	0,00	16.986.024,38
Net	R1600	111.481.768,01	0,00	111.481.768,01
Claims incurred				
Gross	R1610	53.167.980,49	-198.170,17	52.969.810,32
Reinsurers' share	R1620	4.579.599,71	-138.085,09	4.441.514,63
Net	R1700	48.588.380,78	-60.085,08	48.528.295,70
Changes in other technical provisions				
Gross	R1710			
Reinsurers' share	R1720			
Net	R1800	0,00	0,00	0,00
Expenses incurred	R1900	29.385.565,76	243.231,31	29.628.797,07
Other expenses	R2500			\times
Total expenses	R2600			29.628.797,07

Section G S.12.01.02 Life and Health SLT Technical Provisions

		Insurance with profit participation C0020	Index-l	Contracts without options and guarantees C0040		C0060	Other life insurance Contracts without options and guarantees C0070	Contracts with options and guarantees	Annuities stemming from non life insurance contracts and relating to insurance obligation other than health insurance obligations C0090	Accepted reinsurance	Total (Life other than health insurance, incl. Unit-Linked)	Hea	Contracts without options and guarantees C0170	<u> </u>	Annuities stemming from non-life insurance contracts and relating to health insurance obligations C0190	,	Total (Health similar to life insurance)
	R0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0150	C0160	C0170	C0180	C0190	C0200	
Technical provisions calculated as a whole Total Recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty			0,00			0,0	00		-		0,00	0,0	0		-		0,00
default associated to TP calculated as a whole	R0020		0,00			0,0	00				0,00	0,0	0				0,00
Technical provisions calculated as a sum of BE and RM																	
Best Estimate			> <														
Gross Best Estimate	R0030			0,00	511.179.579,91		0,00	7.259.794,7	1		518.439.374,62		0,0	0 15.569.357,8	2		15.569.357,82
Total Recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default	R0080				-2.713.511,26			2.665.472,60	6		-48.038.60			14.738.826,5	0		14.738.826,50
Best estimate minus recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re	R0090			0,00			0,00				518.487.413,22		0,0	·	2		830.531,32
Risk Margin	R0100		22.825.839,80			13.932.857,1	7				36.758.696,97	11.575.223,0	4				11.575.223,04
Amount of the transitional on Technical Provisions			> <														
Technical Provisions calculated as a whole	R0110																
Best estimate Risk margin	R0120 R0130	-													-		
												27 111 700 0			-		27 111 700 0
Technical provisions - total	R0200		534.005.419,70)		21.192.651,8	38				555.198.071,59	27.144.580,8	6				27.144.580,86

Technical provisions calculated as a whole	R0010
Total Recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default associated to TP calculated as a whole	R0050
Technical provisions calculated as a sum of BE and RM	
Best estimate	
Premium provisions	
Gross - Total	R0060
Total recoverable from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default	R0140
Net Best Estimate of Premium Provisions	R0150
Claims provisions	
Gross - Total	R0160
Total recoverable from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default	R0240
Net Best Estimate of Claims Provisions	R0250
Total Best estimate - gross	R0260
Total Best estimate - net	R0270
Risk margin	R0280
Amount of the transitional on Technical Provisions	
TP as a whole	R0290
Best estimate	R0300
Risk margin	R0310
Technical provisions - total	
Technical provisions - total	R0320
Recoverable from reinsurance contract/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default - total	R0330
Technical provisions minus recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re- total	R0340

		Direct business and accepted proportional reinsurance											Accepted non-pro			
Medical expense insurance	Income protection insurance	Workers' compensation insurance	Motor vehicle liability insurance	Other motor insurance	Marine, aviation and transport insurance	Fire and other damage to property insurance	General liability insurance	Credit and suretyship insurance	Legal expenses insurance	Assistance	Miscellaneous financial loss	Non-proportional health reinsurance	Non-proportional casualty reinsurance	Non-proportional marine, aviation and transport reinsurance	Non-proportional property reinsurance	Total Non-Life obligation
C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160	C0170	C0180
										>						
	>>		>>	>>	>>		\searrow	>>	\searrow	\gg						
-3.700.564,59																-3.700.564,59
-3.143.561,08 -557.003,51																-3.143.561,08 -557.003,51
-337.003,31																-337.003,3
1.822.698,28																1.822.698,28
563.112,95																563.112,95
1.259.585,34																1.259.585,34
-1.877.866,31																-1.877.866,3
702.581,83																702.581,83
266.441,99																266.441,99
\bigvee	>><		>><		\searrow	\searrow	\searrow	>>	\searrow	\bigvee						>><
-1.611.424,32																-1.611.424,32
·																
-2.580.448,14																-2.580.448,14
969.023,82																969.023,82

Section G S.19.01.21 Non-life Insurance Claims Information

Line of business Z0010 Medical expense insurance [direct business and accepted proportional reinsurance]

Accident year / Underwriting year Z0020 Accident year [AY]

Currency Z0030 Total/NA

Currency conversion Z0040 Not applicable / Expressed in (converted to) reporting currency

Gross Claims Paid (non-cumulative)

(absolute amount)

Development year

Prior R0100 C0020 C0030 C0040 C0050 C0060 C0070 C0080 C0090 C0110 C0120 C0130 C0140 C0150 C0160 C0160 C0170 C0180										Developme	nt year											
Prior R0100 R0110 R011	Year		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 & +		In Current y	ear	Sum of years (cumulative)
N-14 R0110 R0120 R0130 5.275.463,17 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.			C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160		C0170		C0180
N-13 R0120 R0130 S.275.463,17 O,00 O,00	Prior	R0100		\searrow	\searrow	$>\!\!<$	\searrow	\bigvee	$ \bigvee \!\!\!\! \bigvee$	\bigvee	\searrow	\searrow	$>\!\!<$	$\searrow \swarrow$	>>	> <			R010	0		
N-12 R0130 5.275.463,17 0.00	N-14	R0110																	R011	.0		
N-11 R0140 5.725,999,58 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.725,999,8 N-10 R0150 7.049,018,68 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 7.049,018,00 N-9 R0160 7.960,035,47 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 7.049,018,00 N-8 R0170 7.072,274,18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 7.049,018,00 N-7 R0180 7.307,777,60 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 7.049,018,00 0.00 R0160 0.00 7.049,018,00 0.00 0.00 7.049,018,00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	N-13	R0120																_	R012	0		
N-10 R0150 7.049.018,68 0,00	N-12	R0130	5.275.463,17	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		_		R013	0	0,00	5.275.463,17
N-9 R0160 7.960.035,47 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 7.960.035, N.8 N-8 R0170 7.072.274,18 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 7.960.035, R0170 N-7 R0180 7.307.777,60 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 7.960.035, R0170 R0180 0,00 7.960.035, R0170 R0170 0,00 7.960.035, R0170 R0180 0,00 7.072.274, R0170 R0180 0,00 0,00 7.072.274, R0180 R0170 0,00 7.307.777, R0180 R0180 0,00 7.307.777, R0180 R0180 0,00 7.307.777, R0180 R0180 0,00 9.931.577, R0180 R0190 0,00 9.931.577, R0180 R0190 0,00 8.517.921, R0180 R0200 0,00 8.517.921, R0180 R0200 0,00 8.517.921, R0180 R0210 0,00 9.931.577, R0180 R0210 R0210 0,00 9.931.577, R0180 R0220 0,00 9.931.577, R0180	N-11	R0140	5.725.909,58	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		_			R014	0	0,00	5.725.909,58
N-8 R0170 7.072.274,18 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 7.072.274,18 N-7 R0180 7.307.777,60 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 7.072.274,18 0,00 0,00 7.072.274,18 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 9.931.577,2 0,00 0,00 0,00 9.931.577,2 0,00 0,00 0,00 9.931.577,2 0,00 0,00 0,00 9.931.577,2 0,00 0,00 9.931.577,2 0,00 0,00 0,00 9.931.577,2 0,00 0,00 0,00 9.931.577,2 0,00 0	N-10	R0150	7.049.018,68	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		_				R015	0	0,00	7.049.018,68
N-7 R0180 7.307.777,60 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 7.307.777,777 N-6 R0190 9.931.577,02 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 9.931.577, N-5 R0200 8.517.921,73 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 8.517.921, N-4 R0210 13.186.325,29 0,00 0,00 0,00 13.186.325, N-3 R0220 19.594.864,57 0,00 0,00 0,00 N-2 R0230 19.355.905,78 0,00 0,00	N-9	R0160	7.960.035,47	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00							R016	0	0,00	7.960.035,47
N-6 R0190 9.931.577,02 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 9.931.577,0 N-5 R0200 8.517.921,73 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 8.517.921,0 N-4 R0210 13.186.325,29 0,00 0,00 0,00 13.186.325,0 N-3 R0220 19.594.864,57 0,00 0,00 19.594.864,0 N-2 R0230 19.355.905,78 0,00 0,00 19.355.905,78	N-8	R0170	7.072.274,18	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00								R017	0	0,00	7.072.274,18
N-5 R0200 8.517.921,73 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 8.517.921,73 N-4 R0210 13.186.325,29 0,00 0,00 0,00 13.186.325,29 0,00 13.186.325,29 0,00 13.186.325,29 0,00 13.186.325,29 0,00 19.594.864,37 0,00 19.594.864,37 0,00 19.594.864,37 0,00 19.355.905,30 0,00 0,00 0,00 </td <td>N-7</td> <td>R0180</td> <td>7.307.777,60</td> <td>0,00</td> <td>0,00</td> <td>0,00</td> <td>0,00</td> <td>0,00</td> <td>0,00</td> <td>0,00</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>R018</td> <td>0</td> <td>0,00</td> <td>7.307.777,60</td>	N-7	R0180	7.307.777,60	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00									R018	0	0,00	7.307.777,60
N-4 R0210 13.186.325,29 0,00 0,00 0,00 13.186.325, N-3 R0220 19.594.864,57 0,00 0,00 19.594.864, N-2 R0230 19.355.905,78 0,00 0,00 19.355.905,	N-6	R0190	9.931.577,02	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00										R019	0	0,00	9.931.577,02
N-3 R0220 19.594.864,57 0,00 0,00 19.594.864, N-2 R0230 19.355.905,78 0,00 0,00 19.355.905,	N-5	R0200	8.517.921,73	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00											R020	0	0,00	8.517.921,73
N-2 R0230 19.355.905,78 0,00 0,00 19.355.905,	N-4	R0210	13.186.325,29	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00												R021	.0	0,00	13.186.325,29
	N-3	R0220	19.594.864,57	0,00	0,00	0,00													R022	0	0,00	19.594.864,57
N-1 R0240 13.550.220,19 0,00 13.550.220,	N-2	R0230	19.355.905,78	0,00	0,00														R023	0 (0,00	19.355.905,78
	N-1	R0240	13.550.220,19	0,00															R024	0 (),00	13.550.220,19

Gross undiscounted Best Estimate Claims Provisions

N

R0250

8.688.136,26

(absolute amount)

Deve	lonm	ent	V

									Developme	nt year								
Year		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 & +	
		C0200	C0210	C0220	C0230	C0240	C0250	C0260	C0270	C0280	C0290	C0300	C0310	C0320	C0330	C0340	C0350	
Prior	R0100		>><	$>\!\!<$	\searrow	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	\searrow		R010
N-14	R0110																-	R011
N-13	R0120																•	R012
N-12	R0130															_		R013
N-11	R0140														_			R014
N-10	R0150													-				R015
N-9	R0160												_					R016
N-8	R0170											_						R017
N-7	R0180										_							R018
N-6	R0190									_								R019
N-5	R0200																	R020
N-4	R0210																	R021
N-3	R0220						_											R022
N-2	R0230																	R023
N-1	R0240																	R024
N	R0250																	R025

		(discounted
-		data)
		C0360
	R0100	
_	R0110	
	R0120	
	R0130	
	R0140	
	R0150	
	R0160	
	R0170	
	R0180	
	R0190	
	R0200	
	R0210	
	R0220	
	R0230	
	R0240	
	R0250	
Total	R0260	

R0250

Total R0260

8.688.136,26

8.688.136,26

Year end

8.688.136,26

133.215.429,52

		Total	Tier 1 - unrestricted	Tier 1 - Testricteu	TICI 2	Tier 5
		C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050
Basic own funds before deduction for participations in other financial sector as foreseen in article						
68 of Delegated Regulation 2015/35						
Ordinary share capital (gross of own shares)	R0010	15.646.500,00	15.646.500,00	$ \nearrow \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! $		
Share premium account related to ordinary share capital	R0030					
Enitial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own - fund item for mutual and mutual-						
type undertakings	R0040					
Subordinated mutual member accounts	R0050					
Surplus funds	R0070					
Preference shares	R0070					
	R0110					
Share premium account related to preference shares		114.495.231,92	114 405 221 02			
Reconciliation reserve	R0130	114.495.251,92	114.495.231,92			
Subordinated liabilities	R0140	0.00				0.0
An amount equal to the value of net deferred tax assets	R0160	0,00				0,0
Other own fund items approved by the supervisory authority as basic own funds not specified above	R0180					
Own funds from the financial statements that should not be represented by the reconciliation						
reserve and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds						
Own funds from the financial statements that should not be represented by the reconciliation reserve			$\qquad \qquad \qquad \\$	$\qquad \qquad \qquad \\$	$\qquad \qquad \qquad \\$	$\qquad \qquad =$
and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds	R0220					
Deductions			\longrightarrow			
	R0230					
Deductions for participations in financial and credit institutions		120 141 721 02	120 141 721 02			0.0
Total basic own funds after deductions	R0290	130.141.731,92	130.141.731,92			0,0
Ancillary own funds	D0200					
Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand	R0300		\longrightarrow	\longrightarrow		
Unpaid and uncalled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for	R0310					
mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand						
Unpaid and uncalled preference shares callable on demand	R0320		$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$		
A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand	R0330		>>	\searrow		
Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC	R0340		\bigvee	\bigvee		\sim
Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC	R0350			\bigvee		
Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC	D0240					
	R0360					
Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive	R0370					
2009/138/EC Other ancillary own funds	R0390		>	>		
Other alichary own funds	K0390					
		Total	Tier 1 - unrestricted	Tier 1 - restricted	Tier 2	Tier 3
		C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050
Total ancillary own funds	R0400	C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0030
Available and eligible own funds	K0400					
6	D0500	120 141 721 02	120 141 721 02			0.0
Total available own funds to meet the SCR	R0500	130.141.731,92	130.141.731,92			0,00
Total available own funds to meet the MCR	R0510	130.141.731,92	130.141.731,92	0	0	
Total eligible own funds to meet the SCR	R0540	130.141.731,92	130.141.731,92	0,00	0,00	0,0
Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR	R0550	130.141.731,92	130.141.731,92	0,00	0,00	\sim
SCR	R0580	57.404.484,10	\sim	\sim	\sim	$\geq \leq$
MCR	R0600	17.058.512,56	\sim	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$
Ratio of Eligible own funds to SCR	R0620	2,27	>	> <	$>\!\!<$	\sim
Ratio of Eligible own funds to MCR	R0640	7,63	> <	>	> <	
		C0060				
Reconciliation reserve		C0000				
Excess of assets over liabilities	R0700	130.141.731,92				
		130.141./31,92	\longrightarrow			
Own shares (held directly and indirectly)	R0710		$\qquad \qquad >$			
	R0720	1 # 242 #00 00				
Foreseeable dividends, distributions and charges	D0-00			I		
Other basic own fund items	R0730	15.646.500,00	\sim			
	R0730 R0740	0,00				
Other basic own fund items Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced funds						
Other basic own fund items Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced funds Reconciliation reserve	R0740	0,00				
Other basic own fund items Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced funds Reconciliation reserve Expected profits	R0740 R0760	0,00				
Other basic own fund items Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced funds Reconciliation reserve Expected profits Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) - Life business	R0740 R0760 R0770	0,00				
Other basic own fund items Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced funds Reconciliation reserve Expected profits	R0740 R0760	0,00				

Total

Tier 1 - restricted

Tier 2

Tier 3

Tier 1 - unrestricted

Article 112	Z0010	No		
Audic 112	20010	110		
		Gross solvency capital	USP	Simplifications
		requirement C0030	C0040	C0050
Market risk	R0010	28.268.779,92	C0040	C0030
Counterparty default risk	R0020	3.248.765,09		
Life underwriting risk	R0030	38.546.743,37	38.546.743,37	
Health underwriting risk	R0040	15.216.678,87	15.216.678,87	
Non-life underwriting risk	R0050	10.210.070,07	10.210.070,07	
Diversification	R0060	-24.342.320,29		
Intangible asset risk	R0070	0,00		
Basic Solvency Capital Requirement	R0100	60.938.646,97		
Calculation of Solvency Capital Requirement		C0100		
Adjustment due to RFF/MAP nSCR aggregation	R0120	0,00		
Operational risk	R0120	4.666.477,71		
Loss-absorbing capacity of technical provisions	R0140	0,00		
Loss-absorbing capacity of deferred taxes	R0150	-8.200.640,58		
Capital requirement for business operated in accordance with Art. 4 of		0.200.010,50		
Directive 2003/41/EC	R0160			
Solvency Capital Requirement excluding capital add-on	R0200	57.404.484,10		
Capital add-on already set	R0210			
Solvency capital requirement	R0220	57.404.484,10		
Other information on SCR				
Capital requirement for duration-based equity risk sub-module	R0400			
Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for	R0410			
remaining part Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirement for ring				
fenced funds	R0420	0,00		
Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for matching adjustment portfolios	R0430	0,00		
Diversification effects due to RFF nSCR aggregation for article 304	R0440	0,00		
Ammacah ta tay nata		C0100		
Approach to tax rate		C0109 Approach based on average tax rate		
Approach based on average tax rate	R0590	Approach based on average tax rate		
Calculation of loss absorbing capacity of deferred taxes				
		LAC DT		
LAC DT	R0640	C0130 -8.200.640,58		
LAC DT LAC DT justified by reversion of deferred tax liabilities	R0640 R0650	-8.200.640,58 0,00		
LAC DT justified by reference to probable future taxable economic pro	R0660	-8.200.640,58		
LAC DT justified by carry back, current year	R0670	0,00		
LAC DT justified by carry back, future years	R0680	0,00		
Maximum LAC DT	R0690	-6.560.512,47		

0,00

Linear formula component for non-life insurance and reinsurance obligations

Medical expenses and proportional reinsurance Income protection insurance and proportional reinsurance Workers' compensation insurance and proportional reinsurance Motor vehicle liability insurance and proportional reinsurance Other motor insurance and proportional reinsurance Marine, aviation and transport insurance and proportional reinsurance Fire and other damage to property insurance and proportional reinsurance General liability insurance and proportional reinsurance Credit and suretyship insurance and proportional reinsurance Legal expenses insurance and proportional reinsurance Assistance and proportional reinsurance Miscellaneous financial loss insurance and proportional reinsurance Non-proportional health reinsurance Non-proportional casualty reinsurance Non-proportional marine, aviation and transport reinsurance Non-proportional property reinsurance

Linear formula component for life insurance and reinsurance obligations

Obligations with profit participation - guaranteed benefits
Obligations with profit participation - future discretionary benefits
Index-linked and unit-linked obligations
Other life (re)insurance and health (re)insurance obligations
Total capital at risk for all life (re)insurance obligations

Overall MCR calculation
Linear MCR
SCR
MCR cap
MCR floor
Combined MCR
Absolute floor of the MCR

MCR

Notional non-life and life MCR calculation

Notional linear MCR
Notional SCR excluding-with add-on (annual or latest calculation)
Notional MCR cap
Notional MCR floor
Notional Combined MCR
Absolute floor of the notional MCR
Notional MCR

	Non-life activities	Life activities	
	MCR _(NL,NL) Result	$MCR_{(NL,L)}Result$	
	C0010	C0020	
R0010	592.115,50		0,00

Non-life activities Life activities

Net (of reinsurance)
reinsurance/SPV) best estimate and TP calculated as a whole

Net (of reinsurance)
Net (of reinsurance)
reinsurance/SPV) best estimate and TP calculated as a whole

Net (of reinsurance)
reinsurance/SPV) best estimate and TP calculated as a whole

		nrovicione		provicione	
		C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060
R0	020	702.581,83	11.895.620,34		
R0	030				
R0	040				
R0	050				
R0	060				
R0	070				
R0	080				
R0	090				
R0	100				
R0	110				
R0	120				
R0	130				
R0	140				
R0	150				
R0	160				
R0	170				

 Non-life activities
 Life activities

 MCR_(L,NL) Result
 MCR_(L,L) Result

 C0070
 C0080

 R0200
 0,00
 16.466.397,06

Non-life activities Life activities

Net (of
reinsurance/SPV) best
estimate and TPNet (of
reinsurance/SPV)
total capital at risk
calculated as a wholeNet (of
reinsurance/SPV) best
estimate and TPNet (of
reinsurance/SPV) best
estimate and TP

	provisions		provisions	
	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120
R0210		\bigvee	0,00	$>\!\!<$
R0220		\bigvee	0,00	$>\!\!<$
R0230		\bigvee	513.893.091,17	$>\!\!<$
R0240		\bigvee	5.424.853,37	>>
R0250				18.221.747.852.05

	C0130
R0300	17.058.512,56
R0310	57.404.484,10
R0320	25.832.017,84
R0330	14.351.121,02
R0340	17.058.512,56
R0350	6.200.000,00

R0400 17.058.512,56

_	Non-life activities	Life activities
	C0140	C0150
R0500	592.115,50	16.466.397,06
R0510	1.992.558,54	55.411.925,55
R0520	896.651,34	24.935.366,50
R0530	498.139,64	13.852.981,39
R0540	592.115,50	16.466.397,06
R0550	2.500.000,00	3.700.000,00
R0560	2,500,000,00	16.466.397.06



Templates 2020

Balance sheet

Assets	
Goodwill	
Deferred acquisition costs	
Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	
Pension benefit surplus	
Property, plant & equipment held for own use	
Investments (other than assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts))
Property (other than for own use)	
Holdings in related undertakings, including participations Equities	
Equities - listed	
Equities - unlisted	
Bonds	
Government Bonds Corporate Bonds	
Structured notes	
Collateralised securities	
Collective Investments Undertakings Derivatives	
Deposits other than cash equivalents	
Other investments	
Assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts	
Loans and mortgages	
Loans on policies Loans and mortgages to individuals	
Other loans and mortgages	
Reinsurance recoverables from:	
Non-life and health similar to non-life	
Non-life excluding health Health similar to non-life	
Life and health similar to life, excluding health and index-linked and unit-life	nked
Health similar to life	
Life excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked Life index-linked and unit-linked	
Deposits to cedants	
Insurance and intermediaries receivables	
Reinsurance receivables Receivables (trade, not insurance)	
Own shares (held directly)	
Amounts due in respect of own fund items or initial fund called up but not yet	paid
Cash and cash equivalents	
Any other assets, not elsewhere shown Total assets	
Liabilities	
Technical provisions - non-life Technical provisions - non-life (excluding health)	
Technical provisions calculated as a whole	
Best Estimate	
Risk margin	
Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life) Technical provisions calculated as a whole	
Best Estimate	
Risk margin	
Technical provisions - life (excluding index-linked and unit-linked)	
Technical provisions - health (similar to life) Technical provisions calculated as a whole	
Best Estimate	
Risk margin	
Technical provisions - life (excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked	ed)
Technical provisions calculated as a whole Best Estimate	
Risk margin	
Technical provisions - index-linked and unit-linked	
Technical provisions calculated as a whole	
Best Estimate	
Risk margin Other technical provisions	
Contingent liabilities	
Provisions other than technical provisions	
Pension benefit obligations	
Deposits from reinsurers Deferred tax liabilities	
Derivatives Derivatives	
Debts owed to credit institutions	
Financial liabilities other than debts owed to credit institutions	
Insurance & intermediaries payables Reinsurance payables	

Insurance & intermediaries payables
Reinsurance payables
Payables (trade, not insurance)
Subordinated liabilities
Subordinated liabilities not in Basic Own Funds
Subordinated liabilities in Basic Own Funds
Any other liabilities, not elsewhere shown
Total liabilities
Excess of assets over liabilities

	Solvency II value
	C0010
R0010	
R0020	
R0030 R0040	0,00
R0050	0,00
R0060	17.554.625,30
R0070	151.313.385,44
R0080	11.755.000,00
R0090	
R0100	
R0110 R0120	
R0130	12.659.848,93
R0140	5.833.477,41
R0150	6.826.371,52
R0160	
R0170	125 101 510 00
R0180 R0190	125.491.649,02
R0200	1.406.887,48
R0210	1.400.007,40
R0220	471.644.851,61
R0230	407.057,90
R0240	407.057,90
R0250	0,00
R0260	17.004.007.4
R0270 R0280	17.326.237,66 -309.117,02
R0290	-309.117,02
R0300	-309.117,02
R0310	15.699.797,24
R0320	13.337.433,54
R0330	2.362.363,70
R0340	1.935.557,43
R0350 R0360	2 215 005 00
R0370	3.215.905,00 9.409.371,32
R0380	351.864,07
R0390	
R0400	
R0410	14.603.443,89
R0420	3.745.286,08
R0500	689.572.028,26 Solvency II value
	C0010
R0510	2.549.627,29
R0520	
R0530	
R0540 R0550	
R0560	2.549.627,29
R0570	0.00
R0580	2.263.981,81
R0590	285.645,48
R0600	47.009.300,89
R0610	24.794.716,76
R0620 R0630	0,00
R0630 R0640	14.032.937,10 10.761.779,66
R0650	22.214.584,13
R0660	0,00
R0670	9.890.585,30
R0680	12.323.998,83
R0690	462.449.221,67
R0700 R0710	0,00 441.364.825,97
R0720	21.084.395,70
R0730	22.00.000,70
R0740	
R0750	
R0760	2.954.022,41
R0770	14.543.366,99
	14.343.300,99
R0780 R0790	
R0780 R0790 R0800	
R0790	
R0790 R0800 R0810 R0820	
R0790 R0800 R0810 R0820 R0830	959.104,72
R0790 R0800 R0810 R0820 R0830 R0840	959.104,72
R0790 R0800 R0810 R0820 R0830 R0840 R0850	959.104,72
R0790 R0800 R0810 R0820 R0830 R0840 R0850 R0860	959.104,72
R0790 R0800 R0810 R0820 R0830 R0840 R0850	22.442.574.43 959.104,72 10.884.119,77 488.535,56

Premiums, claims and expenses by line of business																		
				Line	of Business for: non-life in	surance and reinsurance oblig	ations (direct business a	nd accepted propor	rtional reinsurance)					Line of business	for: accepted no	n-proportional	reinsurance	
		Medical expense insurance	Income protection insurance	Workers' compensation insurance	Motor vehicle liability insurance	Other motor insurance	Marine, aviation and transport insurance	Fire and other damage to property insurance	General liability insurance	Credit and suretyship insurance	Legal expenses insurance	Assistance	Miscellaneous financial loss	Health	Casualty	Marine, aviation, transport	Property	Total
		C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160	C0200
Premiums written		1				•	•									_		
Gross - Direct Business	R0110		0,00				00,0				0,00				\sim	> <	> <	25.763.656,76
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0120		0,00	0,00	0,00	0,	.00,00					0,00	0,00		><	\sim	\sim	0,00
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0130		><		\sim		\sim	\sim		\wedge		\sim	\sim	0,0				0,00
Reinsurers' share	R0140		0,00				00,00											
Net	R0200	12.617.052,24	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,	00,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	12.617.052,24
Premiums earned																		
Gross - Direct Business	R0210	25.688.146,66	0,00	0,00			00,00				0,00	0,00	0,00		~	~	~	25.688.146,66
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0220		0,00		0,00	0,	.00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		\sim	\sim	\sim	0,00
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0230		> <				\sim	\sim	\sim	$\overline{}$		\sim	\sim	0,0				0,00
Reinsurers' share	R0240		0,00				00,00											
Net	R0300	12.622.589,73	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,	00,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	12.622.589,73
Claims incurred																		
Gross - Direct Business	R0310	12.879.923,92	0,00				00,00			0,00	0,00				~	~	\sim	12.879.923,92
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0320		0,00		0,00	0,	00,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		\sim	\sim	\sim	0,00
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0330		> <				\sim	\sim	\sim	\langle	\langle	\sim	\sim	0,0				0,00
Reinsurers' share	R0340		0,00				00,00			0,00	0,00							6.619.679,09
Net	R0400	6.260.244,83	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,	00,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	6.260.244,83
Changes in other technical provision:																		
Gross - Direct Business	R0410		0,00				00,00				0,00				\sim	\sim	\sim	0,00
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0420		0,00				00,00			0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		~	_><	\sim	0,00
Gross - Non- proportional reinsurance accepted	R0430		\sim						\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	0,0				0,00
Reinsurers' share	R0440		0,00							00,0	0,00			0,0		0,00		0,00
Net	R0500		0,00				00,00											0,00
Expenses incurred	R0550	8.445.471,70	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,	.00 0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0	0,00	0,00	0,00	8.445.471,70
Other expenses	R1200				-		~	~	~	\sim	\sim	~	~	\sim	~	~	\sim	0,00
Total expenses	R1300						\sim		_	_><	\sim		\sim		_><	\sim	\sim	8.445.471,70
				Line of Business for: life	insurance obligations			Life reinsur	ance obligations	Total	i							
			Yannan mish and	Index-linked and unit-linked		Annuities stemming from non-												
		Health insurance	Insurance with profit participation	Index-linked and unit-linked insurance	Other life insurance	insurance contracts and relating health insurance obligations		Health reinsurance	Life-reinsurance									
		C0210	C0220	C0230	C0240	C0250	C0260	C0270	C0280	C0300								

				Life reinsur	Total					
		Health insurance	Insurance with profit participation	Index-linked and unit-linked insurance		Annuities stemming from non-lift insurance contracts and relating to health insurance obligations	and relating to insurance obligations other than health insurance obligations	Health reinsurance		
		C0210	C0220	C0230	C0240	C0250	C0260	C0270	C0280	C0300
Premiums written										
Gross	R1410	6.764.185,79	0,00	88.501.445,04	16.325.781,10	0,00		0,00		
Reinsurers' share	R1420	5.142.466,07	0,00	5.004.482,24	5.894.247,04			0,00	0,00	16.041.195,35
Net	R1500	1.621.719,72	0,00	83.496.962,80	10.431.534,06	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	95.550.216,58
Premiums earned										
Gross	R1510	6.764.185,79	0,00	88.501.445,04	16.325.781,10	0,00		0,00	0,00	111.591.411,93
Reinsurers' share	R1520	5.142.466,07	0,00	5.004.482,24	5.894.247,04			0,00	0,00	16.041.195,35
Net	R1600	1.621.719,72	0,00	83.496.962,80	10.431.534,06	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	95.550.216,58
Claims incurred									1	
Gross	R1610	218.218,07	0,00	49.851.026,98	2.254.898,51	0,00		0,00	0,00	52.324.143,56
Reinsurers' share	R1620	105.822,98	0,00	4.177.639,45	824.960,16	0,00		0,00	0,00	5.108.422,59
Net	R1700	112.395,09	0,00	45.673.387,52	1.429.938,36	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	47.215.720,97
Changes in other technical provision:										
Gross	R1710	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00			0,00	0,00	0,00
Reinsurers' share	R1720	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00			0,00	0,00	0,00
Net	R1800	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Expenses incurred	R1900	2.781.878,58	0,00	18.743.878,41	2.848.107,83	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	24.373.864,82
Other expenses	R2500				\sim		\sim	\wedge	\sim	0,00
m · 1										

Section G S.05.02.01 Premiums, claims and expenses by country

		Home Country	Country (by amount of gross premiums written) - non-life obligations	Total for top 5 countries and home country (by amount of gross premiums written) - non-life obligations
		C0080	C0090	C0140
	R0010	$\backslash\!\!\!/$		
r		C0080	C0090	C0140
Premiums written				
Gross - Direct Business	R0110	25.763.656,76		25.763.656,76
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0120			
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0130			
Reinsurers' share	R0140	13.146.604,52		13.146.604,52
Net	R0200	12.617.052,24		12.617.052,24
Premiums earned				
Gross - Direct Business	R0210	25.688.146,66		25.688.146,66
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0220			
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0230			
Reinsurers' share	R0240	13.065.556,93		13.065.556,93
Net	R0300	12.622.589,73		12.622.589,73
Claims incurred				
Gross - Direct Business	R0310	12.879.923,92		12.879.923,92
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0320			
Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	R0330			
Reinsurers' share	R0340	6.619.679,09		6.619.679,09
Net	R0400	6.260.244,83		6.260.244,83
Changes in other technical provisions				
Gross - Direct Business	R0410			
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	R0420			
Gross - Non- proportional reinsurance accepted	R0430			
Reinsurers'share	R0440			
Net	R0500	0,00		0,00
Expenses incurred	R0550	8.445.471,70		8.445.471,70
Other expenses	R1200	\setminus	\searrow	
Total expenses	R1300	> <	>	8.445.471,70

		Home Country	Country (by amount of gross premiums written) - life obligations	Total for top 5 countries and home country (by amount of gross premiums written) - life obligations
		C0220	C0230	C0280
	R0010	$>\!<$	GREECE	
		C0220	C0230	C0280
Premiums written				
Gross	R1410	110.675.478,53	915.933,40	111.591.411,93
Reinsurers' share	R1420	15.865.446,93	175.748,42	16.041.195,35
Net	R1500	94.810.031,60	740.184,98	95.550.216,58
Premiums earned				
Gross	R1510	110.675.478,53	915.933,40	111.591.411,93
Reinsurers' share	R1520	15.865.446,93	175.748,42	16.041.195,35
Net	R1600	94.810.031,60	740.184,98	95.550.216,58
Claims incurred				
Gross	R1610	52.556.915,98	-232.772,42	52.324.143,56
Reinsurers' share	R1620	5.326.100,55	-217.677,96	5.108.422,59
Net	R1700	47.230.815,43	-15.094,46	47.215.720,97
Changes in other technical provisions				
Gross	R1710			
Reinsurers' share	R1720			
Net	R1800	0,00	0,00	0,00
Expenses incurred	R1900	23.953.120,68	420.744,14	24.373.864,82
Other expenses	R2500	$>\!<$		
Total expenses	R2600		\longrightarrow	24.373.864,82

Section G S.12.01.02 Life and Health SLT Technical Provisions

		Insurance with profit participation	Index-l	Contracts without options and guarantees	Contracts with options and guarantees		Other life insurance Contracts without options and guarantees	Contracts with options and guarantees	Me insurance contracts and relating to insurance obligation other than health insurance obligations	Accepted reinsurance	Total (Life other than health insurance, incl. Unit- Linked)		fealth insurance (direct bu Contracts without options and guarantees	Contracts with options and guarantees	from non-life insurance contracts and relating to health insurance obligations	Health reinsurance (reinsurance accepted)	Total (Health similar to life insurance)
		C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C8678	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0150	C0160	C0170	CHISO	C0190	C0200	C0210
Technical provident calculated as a whole Total Recoverables from reissurance SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default associated to TP calculated as a whole	R0010 R0020		0,00		\le	0,0	20	\leq			0,00		1,00	=			0,00
Technical provisions calculated as a sum of BE and RM		><	> <	\sim	><	\wedge	V	> <	V	><	><	\sim	><	><	V	X	> <
Best Estimate		><	_	\sim	><	Ň	><	_	\sim	><	\sim	_><	\sim	><	\sim	$^{\prime}$	><
Gross Best Estimate	R0030	1 [><	0,00	441.364.825,91	X	0,00	9.890.585,30			451.255.411,23	>><	0,00	14.032.937,1	c		14.032.937,10
Total Recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default	Rosss		> <		1.935.557.41	\times		2.362.363.70			4.297.921.13	> <		13.337.433.5			13.337.433.54
Best estimate minus recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite 3	R0999		><	0,00	439.429.268,54	V	0,00	7.528.221,60			446.957.490,14	>	0,00	695.503,5	5		695,503,55
Risk Marvin	R0100		21.084.395.70	V	V	12.323.998.	2	V			33.408.394.53	10.761.77	2.66	$\overline{}$			10.761.779.66
Amount of the transitional on Technical Provisions Technical Provisions calculated as a whole	R0110	-><	_><	≫	≶≶	Ĭ	℥	≶≶		_><	><	_><	≫	≶≶	_><	×	><
Bost estimate Rick margin	R0120 R0130			_		><						_			-		
	R0200	-		\sim	=		=	_	-		-	24.764.71	\sim	_	_		
Technical provisions - total	200200	$\overline{}$	462,449,221,67			22.214.584	13				484.663.805,80	24.794.71	6,76				24.794.716,76

Section G S.17.01.02 Non-life Technical Provisions

Cechnical provisions calculated as a whole	R0010
Total Recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default associated TP calculated as a whole	R0050
Sechnical provisions calculated as a sum of BE and RM	
Best estimate	
Premium provisions	
Gross - Total	R0060
Otal recoverable from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default	R0140
Net Best Estimate of Premium Provisions	R0150
Claims provisions	
Gross - Total	R0160
otal recoverable from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default	R0240
Net Best Estimate of Claims Provisions	R0250
Total Best estimate - gross	R0260
Total Best estimate - net	R0270
Risk margin	R0280
Amount of the transitional on Technical Provisions	
TP as a whole	R0290
Best estimate	R0300
Risk margin	R0310
Sechnical provisions - total	
echnical provisions - total	R0320
Recoverable from reinsurance contract/SPV and Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default - total	R0330
echnical provisions minus recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re- total	R0340

Direct business and accepted proportional reinsurance																
Medical expense insurance	Income protection insurance	Workers' compensation insurance	Motor vehicle liability insurance	Other motor insurance	Marine, aviation and transport insurance	Fire and other damage to property insurance	General liability insurance	Credit and suretyship insurance	Legal expenses insurance	Assistance	Miscellaneous financial loss	Non-proportional health reinsurance	Non-proportional casualty reinsurance	Non-proportional marine, aviation and transport reinsurance	Non-proportional property reinsurance	Total Non-Life obligation
C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160	C0170	C0180
								$\sqrt{}$								
>	>	>	>	\Longrightarrow	>	>	>	\Longrightarrow	>	\Longrightarrow	>	>	>	>	>	>
>	>	>	>	where	>	>	>	\Longrightarrow	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>
230.895,99																230.895,99
-961.453,00																-961.453,00
1.192.348,99)															1.192.348,99
\searrow	\searrow	$>\!\!<$	\bigvee	\mathbb{X}	\bigvee	\searrow	\bigvee	X	\searrow	\mathbb{X}	\bigvee	\bigvee	\bigvee	\bigvee	\bigvee	$>\!\!<$
2.033.085,82	!															2.033.085,82
652.335,99)															652.335,99
1.380.749,83																1.380.749,83
2.263.981,81																2.263.981,81
2.573.098,83																2.573.098,83
285.645,48																285.645,48
\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim
																-
				$\bigg $				\rangle		$\bigg)$						
2,549,627,29																2.549.627,29
-309.117,02																-309.117,02
2.858.744,30																2.858.744,30

Section G S.19.01.21

Non-life Insurance Claims Information

N-8

N-7

N-6 N-5

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N-3

N-2

N-1

N

7.960.035,47

7.072.274,18

7.307.777,60

9.931.577,02

8.517.921,73

13.186.325,29

19.594.864,57

19.355.905,78

13.243.193,66

R0170

R0180

R0190

R0200

R0210

R0220

R0230

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Line of business	Z0010	Medical expense i	nsurance [direc	t business and a	accepted proportio	nal reinsurance	e]														
Accident year / Underwriting year		Accident year [AY	Y]																		
Currency		Total/NA																			
Currency conversion	Z0040	Not applicable / E	xpressed in (co	nverted to) repo	orting currency																
Gross Claims Paid (non-cumulative) (absolute amount)																					
									Developmen	ıt year											
Year		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 & +		In Current year	Sum of years (cumulative)	
		C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160		C0170	C0180	
Prior	R0100	\sim	\mathbb{X}	\sim	>	$>\!<$	> <	\mathbb{X}	$\overline{}$	\sim	\mathbb{X}	\sim	><	> <	$>\!\!<$	$\overline{}$		R0100			
N-14	R0110																	R0110			
N-13	R0120																	R0120			
N-12	R0130	3.954.168,38	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		_		R0130	0,00	3.954.168,38	
N-11	R0140	5.275.463,17	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		<u>-</u> '			R0140	0,00	5.275.463,17	
N-10	R0150	5.725.909,58	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00						R0150	0,00	5.725.909,58	
N-9	R0160	7.049.018,68	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00							R0160	0,00	7.049.018,68	

0,00

R0150 R0160 0,00 0,00 R0170 R0180 R0190 0,00 R0200 0,00 R0210 0,00 R0220 0,00 R0230 0,00 R0240 0,00 13.243.193,66 R0250 Total R0260 13.243.193,66

3.954.168,38	
5.275.463,17	
5.725.909,58	
7.049.018,68	
7.960.035,47	
7.072.274,18	
7.307.777,60	
9.931.577,02	
8.517.921,73	
13.186.325,29	
19.594.864,57	
19.355.905,78	
13.243.193,66	
128.174.435,11	

Cross undiscounted Rest Estimate Claims Provisions (absolute amount)																				
Pear Development year Deve		te Claims Provisions																		
C0200 C0210 C0220 C0230 C0240 C0250 C0260 C0270 C0280 C0290 C0300 C0310 C0320 C0330 C0340 C0350	,									Developm	ent year									
Prior R0100 R0110 R0110 R0110 R0110 R01110 R0113 R0120 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0140 R0150 R0150 R0160 R0150 R0160 R0150 R01	Year		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 & +		Y (disco
N-14 R0110 N-13 R0120 N-12 R0130 N-11 R0140 N-10 R0150 N-9 R0160 N-8 R0170 N-7 R0180 N-6 R0190 N-5 R0200 N-4 R0210 N-3 R0220 N-2 R0230			C0200	C0210	C0220	C0230	C0240	C0250	C0260	C0270	C0280	C0290	C0300	C0310	C0320	C0330	C0340	C0350		
N-13 R0120 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0140 R0140 R0150 R0150 R0150 R0160 R			> <	> <	> <	$>\!\!<$	> <	$>\!<$	$>\!<$	$>\!\!<$	> <	> <	$>\!<$	> <	$>\!\!<$	$>\!<$	$>\!\!<$			
N-12 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0130 R0140 R0140 R0140 R0140 R0150 R0150 R0150 R0160 R	N-14																	<u> </u>		
N-11 R0140 R0150 R0150 R0150 R0150 R0160 R]			
N-10 R0150 R0150 R0150 N-9 R0160 R0160 N-8 R0170 R0180 R0170 N-7 R0180 R0190 N-6 R0190 R0190 N-5 R0200 R0190 N-4 R0210 R0210 N-3 R0220 R0230 R0230																				
N-9 R0160 R0160 N-8 R0170 R0170 N-7 R0180 R0180 N-6 R0190 R0190 N-5 R0200 R0200 N-4 R0210 R0210 N-3 R0220 R0230	N-11	R0140																	R0140	
N-8 R0170 R0180 R0170 N-7 R0180 R0180 N-6 R0190 R0190 N-5 R0200 N-4 R0210 R0210 N-3 R0220 N-2 R0230 R0230	N-10	R0150																	R0150	
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N-6 R0190 R0190 N-5 R0200 R0200 N-4 R0210 R0210 N-3 R0220 R0230 N-2 R0230 R0230	N-8	R0170											_						R0170	
N-5 R0200 N-4 R0210 N-3 R0220 N-2 R0230 R0230 R0200 R0200 R0200 R0230	N-7	R0180																	R0180	
N-4 R0210 N-3 R0220 N-2 R0230	N-6	R0190																	R0190	
N-3 R0220 N-2 R0230 R0230	N-5	R0200								_									R0200	
N-2 R0230 R0230	N-4	R0210							=										R0210	
	N-3	R0220						_											R0220	
N-1 R0240	N-2	R0230					_												R0230	
	N-1	R0240				_													R0240	
N R0250 R0250	N	R0250																	R0250	

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Year end C0360 R0240 R0250 Total R0260

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Resic own funds before deduction for participations in other financial sector as foreseen in article 6s of Delegated Regulations 2015-258 6s of Delegated Regul	14.12	311.000	THE T TESTICAL	Tier T unitestricted	10		
66 of Delegated Regulation 201525 Ordinary share capital gross of own shares) Share premium account related to ordinary share capital limital funds, members' contributions or the capitalest basic own - fund item for mutual and mutual type undertakings Ordinary share capital considerations Ordinary share capital gross of own shares) Reposite the consideration of the capitalest basic own - fund item for mutual and mutual type undertakings Ordinary share capital consideration of the capitalest basic own funds on the program of the capitalest shares of the capitalest s	C0040 C0050	30 C0040	C0030	C0020	C0010		
86 of Delegated Regulations 20152S Cholinary share capital gross of own shares) Share premium account related to ordinary share capital Intellia flanks, member accounts Share premium account related to preference shares R0000 R00000 R0000 R00000 R0000 R00000 R0000 R00000 R0000 R00000 R0000 R00000 R0000 R0000 R0000 R0000 R0000 R00000 R00000 R000000							Basic own funds before deduction for participations in other financial sector as foreseen in article
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Own funds from the financial statements that should not be represented by the reconciliation reserve and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds Own funds from the financial statements that should not be represented by the reconciliation reserve and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds Deductions Deductions for participations in financial and credit institutions Regon Deductions In this state of the control of the process of the participation of the participation of the process of the participation of the process of the participation of the participation of the process of the participation of the	0.00				0.00	R0160	An amount equal to the value of net deferred tax assets
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and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds Deductions Deductions Deductions for participations in financial and credit institutions R0230 Total basic own funds after deductions Ancillary own funds Unpaid and uncalled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand Unpaid and uncalled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand R0330 Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 R0390 Total article 7 liver 1 - unrestricted Tier 1 - restricted Tier 2 - restricted Tier 1 - restricted Tier 2 - restricted Tier 2 - res			/				reserve and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds
and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds Deductions Deductions for participations in financial and credit institutions R0230 Total basic own funds after deductions Ancillary own funds Unpaid and uncelled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund interior mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand Unpaid and uncelled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Cher arcillary own funds R0400 Available and eligible own funds R0400 Total available own funds to meet the SCR R0500 Total available own funds to meet the SCR R0500 Total available own funds to meet the SCR R0500 RCR R0500 RCR R0500 RCR R0500 RCR R0500 R152-92154,53 125-292154,53 10.0,00 0,00 0.00 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 RCR R0600 RCR R0600 R1500 R0700 R0			lacksquare				Own funds from the financial statements that should not be represented by the reconciliation reserve
Deductions Peductions for participations in financial and credit institutions R0230	\sim \sim	< ><	\sim	\sim		R0220	
Deductions for participations in financial and credit institutions R0290 125 292.154,53 125 292.154,53	_><->	_>< _>	\sim	\sim			
Total basic own funds after deductions Ancillary own funds Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand Unpaid and uncalled preference shares callable on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand R0330 Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0340 Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0370 C0009/138/EC C0060 Total ancillary own funds R0400 Available and eligible own funds R0400 Total ancillary own funds to meet the SCR R0500 R05000 R05000 R05000 R05000 R05000 R05000 R05000 R05000 R05000 R050000 R050000 R0500000000							
Aucillary own funds Comparison of the Entire Contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and uncalled orinital funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand R0320							
Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand	0,00			125.292.154,53	125.292.154,53	R0290	Total basic own funds after deductions
Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand	—		\backslash	\backslash	$\overline{}$		Ancillary own funds
Unpaid and uncalled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand R0320 Unpaid and uncalled preference shares callable on demand R0320 R0330 R			lacksquare	\sim		D0300	
mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand Unpaid and uncalled preference shares callable on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand R0330 Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC Other ancillary own funds R0370 Cooling Tier 1 - unrestricted Tier 1 - restricted Tier 2 Cooling C	$\overline{}$	\rightarrow	$\qquad \qquad \bigcirc$	$\overline{}$		K0300	
mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand Unpaid and mucual eliperference shares callable on demand A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand R0330 Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of						R0310	
A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360 Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC Other ancillary own funds R0370 Total ancillary own funds R0400 Available and eligible own funds to meet the SCR R0500 Total available own funds to meet the MCR R0510 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0510 R0520 R0520 R0530 R0540 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0510 R0520 R0520 R0530 R0540 R0540 R0550 R0550 R0550 R0560 R0560 R0560 R0570 R0570 R0580 R0680 R0580 R0680 R0580 R0580 R0580 R0580 R0580 R0580 R0580 R0580 R058			\sim				
Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC Other ancillary own funds Total ancillary own funds R0390 Total ancillary own funds Available and eligible own funds to meet the SCR Total available own funds to meet the SCR Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to MCR R0500 R0600 R0600 Total eligible own funds to MCR R0600 R0600 Total eligible own funds to MCR R0600 R0600 T050060 Reconciliation reserve Excess of assets over liabilities C00060			$^{\prime}$	$\backslash\!\!\!\!/$		R0320	Unpaid and uncalled preference shares callable on demand
Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC			$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$		R0330	A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand
Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0350		_		$\overline{}$			
Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0360		\rightarrow	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$		K0540	
Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC		_				R0350	Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC R0370 R0390 R0				$\overline{}$		110000	
Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC Other ancillary own funds R0390			/	\backslash		D0260	Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
Total Tier 1 - unrestricted Tier 2						R0360	
Total Tier 1 - unrestricted Tier 2			$\overline{}$	<u> </u>			Supplementary members calls, other than under first subperagraph of Article 96(2) of the Disastive
Total Tier 1 - unrestricted Tier 2		<	\sim	\sim		R0370	
Total ancillary own funds R0400 Available and eligible own funds Total available own funds to meet the SCR Total available own funds to meet the SCR R0500 Total eligible own funds to meet the SCR R0510 Total eligible own funds to meet the SCR R0510 R0520 R0540 R0		\rightarrow		$\overline{}$			
C0010 C0020 C0030 C0040			\rightarrow	_		R0390	Other ancillary own funds
C0010 C0020 C0030 C0040							
C0010 C0020 C0030 C0040	TII 2		T2 1	TT 1	T-4-1		
Rotat ancillary own funds	Tier 2 Tier 3	stricted Tier 2	Tier 1 - restricted	Tier 1 - unrestricted	Total		
Rotat ancillary own funds	C0040 C0050	20 C0040	C0020	C0020	C0010		
Available and eligible own funds R0500 125.292.154,53 125.292.154,	C0040 C0030	30 0040	C0030	C0020	C0010	D0 400	m
Total available own funds to meet the SCR Total available own funds to meet the MCR R0510 Total available own funds to meet the MCR R0510 Total eligible own funds to meet the SCR R0540 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0550 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0550 R0550 R0550 R0550 R0560 R0560 R0560 R0660 R06				$\overline{}$		R0400	
Total available own funds to meet the MCR Total eligible own funds to meet the SCR R0540 R0540 R0540 R0540 R0540 R0540 R0540 R0580 R	\sim	<	\langle	\sim	\sim		
Total eligible own funds to meet the SCR R0540 125.292.154.53 125.292.154.53 0.00 0.00 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0550 125.292.154.53 125.292.154.53 0.00 0.00 SCR R0580 54.121.786.55	0,00			125.292.154,53	125.292.154,53	R0500	Total available own funds to meet the SCR
Total eligible own funds to meet the SCR R0540 125.292.154.53 125.292.154.53 0.00 0.00 Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR R0550 125.292.154.53 125.292.154.53 0.00 0.00 SCR R0580 54.121.786.55				125.292.154.53	125.292.154.53	R0510	Total available own funds to meet the MCR
Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR	0,00	0.00	0.00				
SCR							
MCR R0600 13.530.446,64 Ratio of Eligible own funds to SCR R0620 2,32 Ratio of Eligible own funds to MCR R0640 9,26 C0060 Reconciliation reserve C0060 Excess of assets over liabilities R0700 125.292,154,53 Own shares (held directly and indirectly) R0710 125.292,154,53	0,00	0,00	0,00	125.292.154,53			
Ratio of Eligible own funds to SCR R0620 2,32 Ratio of Eligible own funds to MCR R0640 9,26 C0060 Excess of assets over liabilities R0700 125,292,154,53 Own shares (held directly and indirectly) R0710 1	\sim	\sim	\sim	\sim			
Ratio of Eligible own funds to MCR R0640 9,26 Reconciliation reserve C0060 Excess of assets over liabilities R0700 125,292,154,53 Own shares (held directly and indirectly) R0710 125,292,154,53	\sim	\leq	\sim	\sim	13.530.446,64	R0600	MCR
Ratio of Eligible own funds to MCR R0640 9,26 Reconciliation reserve C0060 Excess of assets over liabilities R0700 125,292,154,53 Own shares (held directly and indirectly) R0710 100,000	\sim		\sim	\rightarrow	2.32	R0620	Ratio of Eligible own funds to SCR
Reconciliation reserve Excess of assets over liabilities Own shares (held directly and indirectly) R0710 C0060 R0700 125.292.154,53					9.26	R0640	
Reconciliation reserve Excess of assets over liabilities R0700 125.292.154,53 R0710					7,20	K0040	Ratio of Eligible own funds to MCK
Reconciliation reserve Excess of assets over liabilities R0700 125.292.154,53 R0710							
Excess of assets over liabilities R0700 125.292.154,53 Own shares (held directly and indirectly) R0710					C0060		
Own shares (held directly and indirectly) R0710				\sim	\sim		Reconciliation reserve
Own shares (held directly and indirectly)				\sim	125.292.154,53	R0700	Excess of assets over liabilities
				\sim	·		
				$\overline{}$			
				<>	15 040 500 00		
Other basic own fund items R0730 15.646.500,00				$\overline{}$	15.040.500,00	K0730	
Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced R0740 0.00					0.00	R0740	
funds R0/40 0,00					0,00	10/40	funds
Reconciliation reserve R0760 109.645.654,53				$\overline{}$	109,645,654.53	R0760	
Expected profits				$\overline{}$			
				>	60 447 244 50	Dogge	
Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) - Life business R0770 60.447.344,58				\sim	60.447.344,58		
Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) - Non- life business R0780				\sim			
Total Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) R0790 60.447.344,58				\sim	60.447.344,58	R0790	Total Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP)
							- •

Tier 1 - unrestricted Tier 1 - restricted

Tier 2

Maximum LAC DT

Capital Requirement - for undertakings on Standard Formula				
Article 112	Z0010	No		
		Gross solvency capital requirement	USP	Simplifications
		C0030	C0040	C0050
Market risk	R0010	26.615.439,94		
Counterparty default risk	R0020	6.293.889,43		>><
Life underwriting risk	R0030	34.866.617,15	34.866.617,15	
Health underwriting risk	R0040	14.439.173,36	14.439.173,36	
Non-life underwriting risk	R0050			
Diversification	R0060	-24.604.742,88		>><
Intangible asset risk	R0070	0,00		>><
Basic Solvency Capital Requirement	R0100	57.610.377,01		
Calculation of Solvency Capital Requirement		C0100		
Operational risk	R0130	4.243.093,33		
Loss-absorbing capacity of technical provisions	R0140	0,00		
Loss-absorbing capacity of deferred taxes	R0150	-7.731.683,79		
Capital requirement for business operated in accordance with Art. 4 of Directive 2003/41/EC	R0160			
Solvency Capital Requirement excluding capital add-on	R0200	54.121.786,55		
Capital add-on already set	R0210			
Solvency capital requirement	R0220	54.121.786,55		
Other information on SCR				
Capital requirement for duration-based equity risk sub-module	R0400			
Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for	R0410			
remaining part Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirement for ring	R0420	0,00		
fenced funds Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for	D0 420	0.00		
matching adjustment portfolios	R0430	0,00		
Diversification effects due to RFF nSCR aggregation for article 304	R0440	0,00		
Approach to tax rate		C0109		
		Approach based on average tax rate		
Approach based on average tax rate	R0590			
Calculation of loss absorbing capacity of deferred taxes				
		LAC DT C0130		
LAC DT	R0640	-7731683.79		
LAC DT justified by reversion of deferred tax liabilities	R0650	0		
LAC DT justified by reference to probable future taxable economic pr	R0660	-7731683.79		
LAC DT justified by carry back, current year LAC DT justified by carry back, future years	R0670 R0680	0		
Die Di justifica by carry back, future years	KUUUU	0		

R0690

-6185347.03424569

Linear formula component for non-life insurance and reinsurance obligations

Medical expenses and proportional reinsurance
Income protection insurance and proportional reinsurance
Workers' compensation insurance and proportional reinsuranc
Motor vehicle liability insurance and proportional reinsuranc
Other motor insurance and proportional reinsurance
Marine, aviation and transport insurance and proportional reinsuranc
Fire and other damage to property insurance and proportional reinsuran
General liability insurance and proportional reinsuranc
Credit and suretyship insurance and proportional reinsurance
Legal expenses insurance and proportional reinsurance
Assistance and proportional reinsurance
Miscellaneous financial loss insurance and proportional reinsuranc
Non-proportional health reinsurance
Non-proportional casualty reinsurance
Non-proportional marine, aviation and transport reinsurance
Non-proportional property reinsurance

Linear formula component for life insurance and reinsurance obligations

Obligations with profit participation - guaranteed benefit
Obligations with profit participation - future discretionary benefit
Index-inked and unit-linked obligations
Other life (re)nsurance and health (re)insurance obligation
Total capital at risk for all life (re)insurance obligation

Overall MCR calculation Linear MCR SCR MCR cap MCR floor Combined MCR Absolute floor of the MCR

MCR

Notional non-life and life MCR calculation

Notional linear MCR
Notional SCR excluding-with add-on (annual or latest calculation)
Notional MCR cap
Notional MCR floor
Notional MCR floor
Notional Combined MCR
Absolute floor of the notional MCR
Notional MCR

	Non-life activities	Life activities
	MCR(NL,NL) Result	MCR(NL,L)Result
	C0010	C0020
R0010	713.937,10	0,00

Non-life activities	Life activitie

Net (of Net (of reinsurance) reinsuranceSPV) best written premiums in reinsuranceSPV) best written premiums in reinsuranceSPV) best written premiums in castinate and TP the last 12 months calculated as a whole calculated as a whole

_	provisions	provisions							
	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060					
R0020	2.573.098,83	12.617.052,24							
R0030									
R0040									
R0050									
R0060									
R0070									
R0080									
R0090									
R0100									
R0110									
R0120									
R0130									
R0140									
R0150									
R0160									
R0170									

		Life activities MCR _(L,L) Result	
	C0070	C0080	
R0200	0,00	12.395.691,00	

Non-life activities Life activities

Net (of	Net (of	Net (of	Net (of
reinsurance/SPV) best	reinsurance/SPV)	reinsurance/SPV) best	reinsurance/SPV)
estimate and TP	total capital at risk	estimate and TP	total capital at risk
calculated as a whole		calculated as a whole	
provisions		provisions	

	provisions	ns provisions		
	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120
R0210		\mathbb{N}	0,00	\mathbb{N}
R0220		\mathbb{N}	0,00	\mathbb{N}
R0230		\mathbb{N}	439.429.268,54	$\backslash\!\!\!\backslash$
R0240		$>\!<$	8.223.725,16	\wedge
R0250				13.067.125.556.44

	C0130
R0300	13.109.628,10
R0310	54.121.786,55
R0320	24.354.803,95
R0330	13.530.446,64
R0340	13.530.446,64
R0350	6.200.000,00
R0400	13.530.446,64

	Non-life activities	Life activities
	C0140	C0150
R0500	713.937,10	12.395.691,00
R0510	2.947.417,81	51.174.368,74
R0520	1.326.338,01	23.028.465,93
R0530	736.854,45	12.793.592,19
R0540	736.854,45	12.793.592,19
R0550	2.500.000,00	3.700.000,00
R0560	2 500 000 00	12.793.592.19



H. Independent Auditors Report



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of EuroLife Limited

Report on the Audit of the relevant elements of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report

Opinion

We have audited the following Solvency II Quantitative Reporting Templates ("QRTs") contained in Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 2015/2452 of 2 December 2015, of EuroLife Limited (the "Company"), prepared as at 31 December 2021:

- S.02.01.02 Balance sheet
- S.12.01.02 Life and Health SLT Technical Provisions
- S.17.01.02 Non-Life Technical Provisions
- S.23.01.01 Own funds
- S.25.01.21 Solvency Capital Requirement for undertakings on Standard Formula
- S.28.02.01 Minimum Capital Requirement Both life and non-life insurance activity

The above QRTs are collectively referred to for the remainder of this report as "the relevant QRTs of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report".

In our opinion, the information in the relevant QRTs of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report as at 31 December 2021 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Insurance and Reinsurance Services and other Related Issues Law of 2016, the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/35, the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/467, the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/981, the relevant EU Commission's Implementing Regulations and the relevant Orders of the Superintendent of Insurance (collectively "the Framework").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the relevant QRTs of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the relevant QRTs of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report in Cyprus, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the 'Valuation for solvency purposes' and the 'Capital Management' and other relevant disclosures sections of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report, which describe the basis of preparation. The Solvency and Financial Condition Report is prepared in compliance with the Framework, and therefore in accordance with a special purpose financial reporting framework. As a result, the Solvency and Financial Condition Report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

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Other information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the Other information. The Other information comprises certain narrative sections and certain QRTs of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report as listed below:

Narrative sections:

- Business and performance
- Valuation for solvency purposes
- Capital management

QRTs (contained in Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 2015/2452 of 2 December 2015):

- S.05.01.02 Premiums, claims and expenses by line of business
- S.05.02.01 Premiums, claims and expenses by country
- S.19.01.21 Non-Life insurance claims

Our opinion on the relevant QRTs of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report does not cover the Other information listed above and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report, our responsibility is to read the Other information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other information is materially inconsistent with the relevant elements of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the Solvency and Financial Condition Report

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report in accordance with the Framework.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of a Solvency and Financial Condition Report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Solvency and Financial Condition Report, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the relevant QRTs of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the relevant QRTs of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the relevant QRTs of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of the basis of preparation used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Solvency and Financial Condition Report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Other Matter

Our report is intended solely for the Board of Directors of the Company and should not be used by any other parties. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whose knowledge this report may come to.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Limited

Certified Public Accountants and Registered Auditors

PwC Central, 43 Demostheni Severi Avenue CY-1080 Nicosia Cyprus

6 April 2022